

**\$1.50 PER ANNUM**

**Don't forget the dates. Our obliging staff will show you through.**

For handling "good groceries," of the very best brands only, and selling them at the same, and often lower, prices than you pay elsewhere for inferior goods, must also be maintained, and our customers can rely on us to see that it does not suffer. In order to convince any who may yet be skeptical of our ability to save them money, we would like to say that this is how we do it:—

We buy our groceries by the car load, direct from the manufacturers and for spot cash. Our last car has just arrived this week and includes 125 cases of tomatoes, 75 cases of corn, 50 cases of peas, all the celebrated Horse-shoe brand which has become such a favorite in Moose Jaw. Also 100 pails of lard, 75-boxes choice "fat" raisins, and a great variety of **Crumbs** Blackwell's spices, pickles, peels, jams, etc., etc. These are all this seasons goods. Money cannot buy better. We placed our order for these before the big advance took place, and can therefore save you from 15 to 30 per cent on that score. We bought these for spot cash and can save you a little more on that score. We bought these by the car load and thereby secured the benefit of the car rate, not from Winnipeg, but right through from the eastern market, therefore we can save you a little more on that score. You can therefore understand how we have done and how we can maintain our reputation. Farmers and others relying in their win-supply will see the advisability of purchasing the same from us. Housekeepers who wish to economise should try "The Model Grocery Store" for a month and you'll be surprised how small your grocery account will be. Remember you can make money by spending it and that inferior goods are expensive at any price.

**J. J. & A. McLEAN.**

**NO EXPLANATION IS NEEDED.**

**Twenty-eight inch grey flannel, splendid weight and quality, at 30c, 25c. and 15c. per yard.**

We are selling an all wool suit of underwear at 1.20. This is the biggest value to be seen in this line.....

A very fine line of ready-made skirts in browns and black tweek and silk mohairs.. \$4.45.

Mr. J. H. Ross, M.I.A., would be pleased to meet all members of the Manitoba Mutual Mail Insurance Co. residing in the Moose Jaw district to arrange for their being represented at the annual meeting of the Company at Winnipeg. Meeting of Moose Jaw members at 2 o'clock on Monday, Dec. 4th, 1906, in the Council chamber, town hall block.

This week it is our sad duty to record the death of the beloved wife of Mr. J. Thompson, of the C.P.R., which took place last Sunday after two weeks illness of fever. The funeral took place on Sunday from her late residence and was largely attended by sympathetic friends. Deceased was in her thirty-sixth year and leaves a family of seven children to mourn her loss.

The enterprising firm of Robinson & Hechler are having a very successful china opening, which commenced yesterday afternoon and will be continued today and to-morrow. These days the firm displays to the ladies of Moose Jaw. On their arrival at the store they are conveyed to the second floor, given a cup of tea and then the Chinese hand and arm ornaments shown the largest and most extensive display of China, Japanese and Bohemian ware ever imported into the Northwest. The flat was tastefully decorated for the occasion, and artificial light was created by the darkening of the room in order to display to better advantage the beautiful designs in the lacquer ware. Between twenty and thirty of the Chinese ladies of Moose Jaw were cordially invited to drop in to have a cup of tea and see the display.

"This Doctor" advises in the Ladies' Home Journal those desiring a man "on the spot," to "get serious if man so helps, put him in bed, slip a mother's plaster on him, steady sleep his mind straightened, so' leave them fast & wet. May or less than five. If the patient's alive in the mornin' he'll not have stren'h to cough."

**WHILE CROSSING THE TRACKS  
IN FRONT OF THE DEPOT.**

Pertinent to announcement, a public meeting of the ratepayers of Moose Jaw was held in the town hall on Monday evening at 8 o'clock for the purpose of discussing municipal and school matters and to listen to the reports of the town Council and School Board required by ordinance. The attendance of ratepayers was much larger than on former occasions of this kind. Every member of the School Board was present, but only the Councillors put in an appearance. His Worship Mayor Bogue presided, and in his opening remarks regretted the unavoidable absence of the majority of the aldermen owing to illness and other causes. During the past year the town has had an excellent Council, the members being men of recognized standing in the community, known for their ability and whose business career has been marked with success. The Councillors have taken a great interest and have always shown a disposition to work for the benefit of the town; often at considerable inconvenience to themselves. More money had been spent this year for public improvements than had been anticipated; but the prosperous condition of the town and the many substantial new buildings erected, warranted all the expenditures that had been made. Not all the improvements required had been made, but he hoped that future Councillors would continue the work as far as finances would warrant. The financial condition of the town was good. If comparisons were made with other towns of the Territories in this respect, Moose Jaw would make a most favorable showing. Our debt liabilities were now only \$9,000, which was not large for a town of our size. A financial statement had not been prepared as only a partial statement could be given at this time of the year. A full statement would be published at the end of the financial year, when the ratepayers could see how their business had been transacted. He did not think that all would agree with everything the Council had done, but when criticizing the Councillors, the ratepayers should place themselves in the position of a Councillor and look at the matter from that standpoint. As a rule, the citizens of Moose Jaw had always been generous in their judgments and were fully alive to the difficulties connected with any public office.

Mayor Bruu replied that the Council had a health committee who, with the assistance of the town inspector, had endeavored to have all bad cases attended to, and as a result he believed the sanitary condition of the town had been considerably improved. Regarding the cess pool in the C.P.R. garden, as soon as the matter had been brought to his notice he, in company with one of the Councilors, went and examined the premises. They came to the conclusion that the company were causing a public nuisance and the result was that a strong resolution had been forwarded to the divisional superintendent. This was all that could be done, until further developments. His attention had been called to the children in whose house there was a cess-pool, over, gone to school, and he immediately realized the health officer was right. He informed him that the cesspool was not constructed.

Mr. O. B. Fysh asked if the Council had any statement to present to the meeting, and was informed by the Mayor that there was none, whereupon Mr. Fysh took the platform and said that the ratepayers expected the Council to submit the usual statement. He also spoke regarding the townsite difficulty, bringing to mind the words of Sir Wilfrid Laurier when in Moose Jaw in '94, and also the promise of Mr. Sifton to a delegation from Macleod that the Government would withdraw its interests and allow their lands to be taxed. The speaker was strongly of the opinion that if the Council possessed the business ability with which they were credited they would surely have seized such an opportunity to do something towards removing this great injustice to the taxpayers removed. Mr. Fysh found fault with the manner in which the public improvements had been made, and thought they should have been financed for by debenture so that future generations would pay their share, and when the Government's interests were thrown open for taxation, these lands would have to pay for the improvements. He also criticized the assessment, claiming that while the resident ratepayers' assessment had been raised about thirty five per cent, that of the Townsite Company was practically the same as it was several years ago. As an instance he gave a lot on High St. west corner of 3150, and two in the same block and almost directly behind it on Fairford St. assessed for only \$55 each. He complained of how the Council had administered the Fire Limit By-law, claiming that while they allowed outsiders to violate the law, they refused to allow him, a resident ratepayer, the same privilege. The method

Tommy that the people of Moose Jaw were startled on Wednesday morning does not adequately express their deep feeling when they heard of the sudden and awful death of Mr. Tommy, the well-known and popular storekeeper of the C.P.R. at this place. For some time back it had been the unfortunate man's custom to call at the depot on the arrival of No. 1 for any small supplies that might arrive from Winnipeg. Wednesday morning he called as usual. No. 1 had just pulled out about half past nine. The yard engine and staff were putting the small train coaches on the spur reserved for them. Mr. Tommy was shouldering a small box of chain couplings he had received, and taking a few iron fittings in his hand he started for the store house. The box was on his left shoulder. He passed a couple of cabooses on his left side, and went to cross the next track. But he never got to the other side. The cabooses and the box on his shoulder must have hid his view or caused him to misjudge the distance. Just as he was crossing the track he was struck by the Soo coaches which were being backed to their place.

He must have been between the rails when struck for there was no blood found on the wheels of the first truck which passed over him, rolling him up and rendering him unconscious, if not killing him outright, as is evident from a terrible gash on the side of his head and the blood marks found on the brake beam and gears. In some way he got across the rail before the other end of the car reached him, for three wheels of the next truck and the truck of the next car passed over his chest close to his arm pits cutting his poor fellow completely in two. When the second car passed he was found lying straight across the track with his head towards the depot and his feet against the opposite rail. His arms were above his head and outstretched. He was only six or eight feet from where he had been knocked down. It was a terrible sight to look upon. His railway companions conveyed his remains to the baggage room and they were afterwards removed to Mr. Bellamy's undertaking establishment. No blame whatever is attached to the engineer or train hand. It was an accident pure and simple. The brakeman, Mr. Wm. Simington, was standing on the steps of the second coach but did not notice the unfortunate man. The first intimation he had of anything being wrong was when he saw the box car and when he thought to be a man under the car. He immediately gave the signal and, as the cars were going very slowly, they were stopped within a few feet. Neither Engineer Palmer nor Fireman Christie knew what had happened until they were told.

The deceased was in his forty third year, and came to Moose Jaw from Winnipeg two years ago. Next January, succeeding Mr. Neeland, who was transferred to Port William. He was married some fifteen months ago, and by his death an infant of five months is deprived of a father. His young wife was probably too lost to hear the sad news. The hard task of breaking it to her fell to the lot of Mrs. Peter Green and Miss Fitzpatrick. The remains were taken to Winnipeg Wednesday evening for interment, a large number following the hearse to the depot. The deceased was a Roman Catholic in religion and the ceremony was conducted by Father R. J. Van Heertum, who arrived from Regina by the morning train. Mr. L. O. Geddes, C. P. R. head storekeeper, of Winnipeg, also arrived and took full charge of the funeral arrangements. Mrs. Tomney was accompanied to Winnipeg by her sister, Miss Johnson, of Carman, who had been visiting here, and Miss Griffin, a sister of Mrs. Peter Green. The deceased was a member of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association, in which he was buried.

The deceased was a favorite among the employees and with all who knew him. He was the possessor of a fine baritone voice, and while a Roman Catholic in religion, other denominations in town are indebted to him for many kind songs. His untimely death has cast a gloom over our town which will not soon disappear, especially when it is remembered that a week from to-morrow is the anniversary of the death of "Doc" Johnson, who was killed in somewhat the same way at North Portal only a year ago.

### Reform.

Mr. R. Elsom has just finished his threshing on the Carl farm, receiving a large yield. This finishes a long and profitable season's threshing for Mr. Elsom.—Mr. F. Fowler was seen passing through town on Tuesday of last week with a fine turnout.—Mrs. Williams, of Old Wives Lake, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. Johnston.—Mr. Jasper Johnston left for his home in the east on Tuesday evening's train. We regret to chronicle the death of Mrs. Elsom. The funeral took place on Friday last and was largely attended, there being over thirty rigs in the procession.—Mrs. Johnston and her mother expect to start for the east next week.—Mr. Wm. Kilgour has leased the farm of Mr. Joel Bate for a term of years.—The Laird is winding up his season's threshing at his own place.—A very impressive memorial service to the late Mrs. Elsom was held last Sunday by Rev. Mr. Wilson, the Free Methodist minister.

**Continued on page 5**

**B. Carey.**







## A WAY TO AVOID WAR

TOLSTOI, THE RUSSIAN NOVELIST, SAYS IT IS "THE ONLY WAY."

Plan to Prevent the Horrors of Conflict Between Nations Futility of Arbitration Tribunal—A Refusal to Participate in Battle by Those Who Do Not Wish to Fight the Method.

If any one wish to do God's will he will recognize whether my doctrine comes from God or whether I speak of my own account.

I cannot dissimulate the feelings of disgust, of indignation, even of dyspepsia which that letter (the Czar's peace proposal) has wrought in me. These Christians, good, sensible and enlightened, who consider murder a frightful crime, none of whom, with rare exceptions, would harm an animal, are, however, the same men who, when murder and crime are called war, not only recognize destruction, pillage and assassination as just and lawful, but contribute to these thefts and massacres, prepare themselves for it, participate and glory in it.

However, always and everything, it is undeniable that the immense mass of the people who practice this pillage and murder, and undergo all the consequences of it, does not ask for war, does not seek nor desire; that it takes part in it only against its will, because some man has placed it in such a position that it seems to it that its sufferings would be greater if it refused to participate in it.

Thus it is that those who excite the pillage, who prepare massacre, and oblige the working people to give

GREAT GARRIT. TENCE.



It is between Oom Paul and Chamberlain—John Bull (Merchant) Co to Vice—When you have quite finished, gentlemen, I'll get to business.

themselves to it, are but a notorious minority who live in pleasure, luxury and idleness on the labor of the working man. If a man is addicted to liquor, I tell him that he can rid himself of his intemperance through his own efforts.

If I indicate to him how he must act in order to succeed there is hope that he may listen to me, but if I tell him that his intemperance is a complicated and difficult problem that we men of science are trying to solve in our conferences, very likely he will continue to drink while waiting for the solution of the problem to be discovered.

Thus it is by false, "civilized" and scientific ways we seek to abolish war through arbitration, international tribunals and other absurdities, and neglect the most evident and the simple method.

Granting that the people who do not wish for war ought not to fight, to abolish warfare it is not necessary to establish either international understandings, or arbitration, or international tribunals, but simply to emancipate the people from the trickery and deceit which enslaves them. The only way to end war is for those who do not wish it and who consider it a sin to participate in it to lay down their arms and refuse to fight.

They tell us that the misunderstandings which may arise between governments will be settled by certain tribunals or by arbitration. But the governments do not in the least wish the solution of their misunderstandings. On the contrary, if none produce themselves they invent them, for it is only through these misunderstandings with each other that they find pretext to maintain those armies upon which depend their power.

The Governments fear, and ought

to fear, those who refuse to serve. They are afraid of them because each refusal diminishes the prestige of the deception through which they hold the people under their domination. But those who refuse have no reason to fear a government which asks of them crimes.

In refusing military service a man faces fewer risks than if he submit to it. The refusal to do military service and the punishment, imprisonment in exile, which is the consequence, often constitutes advantageous assurance against the dangers of the service. In accepting it he may have to participate in a war for which he has been long prepared, and during the war, like a man condemned to death, he is in the situation of one, who, unless a concurrence of improbable beneficial circumstances occurs, will certainly be killed or lamed.

Another danger profitably escaped is that of the deadly diseases developed by the anti-hygienic conditions which military service involves.

But the greatest advantage of this refusal is that, whereas the military service compels a man to pass three or four years of his life in a vicious society, practicing the art of killing, being in the same captivity as if in prison, but having in addition to dance attendance in a humiliating and depraved submission, the refusal entails only imprisonment or exile. This is true in nearly every case.

In the second place, in refusing military service, one, strange as it may seem, may frequently rely on escape.

**The Old Garret Gang.**  
"One of the favorite properties of story writers is the garret," grumbled an artist the other evening. "The starving genius always writes his great poem in a garret, the poor little sick child never fails to die in a garret, usually on a 'pallet of straw,' and when future great men come to a strange city they invariably live in garrets as a prelude to glory—in short, the garret is the theater of all manner of romance, pathos and adventure—in fiction. In real life it is different."

"When I went to New York to study art, I had the great garret myth firmly fixed on my mind, and the first thing I did was to look for a habitation of that kind. I was not especially hard up, but a garret seemed eminently the fitting thing for a struggling artist. To my great disappointment I discovered that there were no garrets in town. There were a few lofts used as store-rooms and top floor apartments with slant roofs rented at enormous prices to photographers and fashionable painters, but the legendary garret was entirely unknown."

"I was finally obliged to compromise on a hall bedroom with a livery stable exposure. It was a cruel shock to my imagination. When I run across the old garret gang in a story nowadays, it makes me mad."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

**Got Even For the Star.**  
"The people here are not very kind to me," said a young physician of the Whitemarsh valley, whose shingle has been out for several weeks.

"Not very kind? Is that so?" asked the friend to whom he complained.

"That's so; but I'll get even with them," replied the physician. I got even with one yesterday. He's the leading man of the town, and when he called on me I was glad and gave him a grand reception. But what do you think he said? 'Any port in a storm, doctor,' says he. 'I'm in a hurry, and I guess you'll have to do.' 'What's the matter?' said I, trying not to appear hurt. 'Oh, disordered stomach,' he answered, 'bad headache, cramps and all that.' Then what do you think I did? I gave him a dose of a certain drug that in an hour laid him on his back, roaring with pain. His wife came for me, footed, and I hurried to the house and sat beside the bed and gloated over his agony. When I felt that I had had a full revenge, I eased him off. Wasn't that a clever way to get even? It was a hundred times better than a punch in the nose. If the fellow ever insults me again, I'll half kill him."

**Reflected Heat.**  
"Was it hot in your town this summer, Miss Piker?"  
"Hot? I got freckles from the moon shining on me."

**Had Him.**  
He—Art can never imitate nature.  
She—How about artificial ice?—Indiana Journal.

## TAKING THE REINS.

The Abbot won just \$9,500 during the nine weeks of the grand circuit.

Isabel, b. m. 2:24½, a newcomer, is by Pilot Mediam, dam Howena Sprague, by Governor Sprague.

In Tessa S. 2:12½, William Simpson has one of the most promising young mares of the season.

Cloud Pointer, b. h., full brother to Star Pointer, took a pacing record of 2:24½ at Indiana, Pa., recently.

Coleridge, 2:05½, sire of Ruby Mack, 2:08½, is the latest addition to the ranks of 2:10 performing and producing stallions.

The green mare Mary D. by Cheyenne, 2:14½, owned by J. L. Taiton of Lexington, worked three miles recently in 2:15½, 2:15½, 2:14½.

Lasso, by Mambrino King, was a good second in 2:12, and will bear watching next year if he is saved for 1900, as it is reported he will be.

The second heat of the 2:16 class at Rockville, Md., Sept. 6, which B. R. Eye, 2:18½, trotted in 2:21½, is said to be the race record for a third of a mile track.

"Farmer" J. B. Whitney of Painesville, O., of Fred B. 2:10½ fame, has found a new trotter by Rockville, 2:21½, Fred's sire, that has shown him 2:17½ recently.

Jupe's mile in 2:07½ at Hartford shows that he has a chance to beat the stallion record. It is too bad that Mr. Snell declines to race him, for he is eligible to the 2:11 class.

Hal C. 2:24½, a new performer to the credit of Prince Hal, 2:12½, is owned and driven by C. E. Snyder, secretary of the Elmwood (Ills.) Fair association. She raised a colt this year.

At the Poughkeepsie (N. Y.) meeting the other day, the black stallion Cascade, by Guy Wilkes, dam Chantilly, dam of Chantilly, 2:13½, by Nutwood, started to beat his record of 2:25, taken at Hudson in a race, and he reeled off the mile in 2:17½.

## A LA MODE.

The light faced wool cloths in plain colors are being much used for autumn costumes.

The light but effective lace bonns are a very becoming substitute for the heavier sort of fur to be worn later on.

There are turn down collars on many of the tailor jackets and redingotes, but those in standing form are, as a rule, very high and daring.

Many of the English tailors are lining serge and cheviot skirts with plaided silks, not the clan tartans, but patterns showing very artistic color blending.

Increasingly great is the rage for face applique in black, white and deep cream color, used on elegant gowns, capes, jackets, fancy waists and in high class millinery for the winter.

At many of the fancy dry goods stores are sold little rucks of mousseline de soie nearly an inch wide, in black, white, cream, pink, etc. These tiny trimmings can be utilized in many ways.

A fashionable tailor exhibits among other wraps a straight, ugly sack coat of handsome Russian blue cloth, with reverse faced with a shaggy looking check in cream and brown, with turn down cape collar of the same material.

The loose frosted box coat of British red cloth with chinilla reverse, the French boulevard jacket of Russian blue with trimmings of white silk machine stitching, the short, double-breasted English jacket of silk corduroy and the long raglan formed of beaver mixed tweed, with triple shoulder capes lined with genuine red silk, are among the latest styles in autumn wraps.

## PERT PERSONALS.

The very name of Vanderbilt begins with a "V."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.  
We observe that Emperor William, who rules by divine right, persists in opening the new century Jan. 1, 1900, which ought to settle it.—Detroit Free Press.

Mrs. Merritt has put her foot down on her husband, the general, going to the Philippines. As she is a Chicago woman, this means something.—St. Louis Republic.

Dan Lamont's private fortune is said to be \$5,000,000, thus showing what a man can do by saving word when there are other people anxious to talk.—Washington Post.

Jokai, the venerable Hungarian novelist, has married a girl of 18. Mr. Jokai has been a life student of human nature, but he may as well prepare for a brand new series of lessons.—Washington Star.

It is said that President Kruger's wife does her own cooking and makes her own beds. This insures the family against getting into trouble with John Bull and the hired girl at the same time.—Kansas City Journal.

## THE NEW CUBA.

Public receipts in Cuba now exceed the expenditures. That comes of not having a Spanish receiver.—San Francisco Chronicle.

The census of Cuba will necessitate considerable more work than it would had Weyler remained in charge of the island.—Los Angeles Times.

The fact that many Spanish immigrants are arriving in Cuba is the greatest compliment that could be paid to our military governor.—New York Sun.

The condition of Havana is no longer "frightful." There is little or no starvation; death is less frequent; the city is clean and will be cleaner; there is peace and willing observance of law; public spirit is being aroused; the people are being educated to bear a larger share of burdens and responsibilities.—New York Times.

## FOUR QUEENS.

Queen Margherita of Italy weighs 178 pounds, her height is 5 feet 3 inches, her waist measurement is 28 inches, her bust 40 inches and her hips 48 inches.

Wilhelmina, queen of Holland, is the tallest queen in Europe. She is 5 feet 5½ inches high. Her waist measures 21½ inches, her hips 40 inches and her bust 42 inches.

The shortest adult sovereign in the world is Queen Victoria. She is 4 feet 11 inches high, her bust measures 44 inches, her waist 35 inches and her hips 50 inches. She weighs 171 pounds.

Queen Natalie of Serbia is said to have one of the best figures among the royal women of Europe. She is 5 feet 4½ inches in height, has a waist measuring 22 inches, a bust 38 inches and hips 40 inches. She weighs 130 pounds.

## AGAINST ODDS.

By Lawrence L. Lynch.

### CHAPTER VII.

Our chief had arranged for us, and in advance of our arrival, that our letters should be received at the bureau, where a desk was always at our disposal; and a little before four o'clock I dropped in once more to look for letters, and ask if Dave had made a second appearance. The letters were in waiting for both of us, but there was no news of Dave, and, stowing the letters in my pocket, I sought once more the Court of Honour, seating myself near the great MacMonnies fountain, in the shade of the Administration building, where Dave could not fail to find me, to read my letters and wait for him.

I was in no haste, with that magnificent court spread out before me, and the blue dancing waves of Lake Michigan in the distance, nature's background for the great Peristyle, surrounded by that novel and beautiful Columbus quadriga, in itself a work of art such as is seldom seen, and with a golden sun, dominant and serene, commanding and overlooking all.

Forgetting my letters, I let my eyes wander slowly from point to point of beauty, letting the moments pass unheeded.

"Fine figure of a woman, eh?" I started, and came suddenly down to earth, at the sound of one of my friend's characteristic speeches. He was standing beside me, as imperturbable of countenance as usual, but looking somewhat down; and he dropped upon the bench, and stretched his legs, and pulled off his hat, like a weary man who means to enjoy a little well-earned rest.

I knew him too well to display any curiosity, and I merely sorted out from the bundle of letters still unopened in my hand those bearing his name, and laid them upon his knee, and with merely a nod and smile, by way of greeting, addressed myself to my own.

The first was a brief business document; the next a schoolboy's letter, short of course, from a young brother, my sole living tie and charge. The third was from our chief, and I saw upon opening it that it was addressed, within, to both of us.

"Dave," I ventured, "may I interrupt?"

"You can't," he replied, "I've done. They're of no consequence," and he thrust the two missives I had given him into his loose side-pocket. "Blaze away, boy."

The letter was not long, and, after some minor instructions and some suggestions, came this passage:—

"I wonder if either of you remember the case of the Englishman who wrote us at much length some six months ago concerning his son, 'lost or missing'—we did not succeed in finding him in New York, and that he was 'And small wonder,' chuckled Dave, whose memory was a storehouse. 'We hadn't even the skeleton of a description.'"

"In New York, you remember," I read on, "and it has seemed to me that you may as well look out for him in your intervals of leisure, if there are such."

"Old man's growing sarcastic," grumbled my friend.

"It's a good thing, if successful," I continued; "and the Fair is the best place in the world for a 'hide-out.' If the young fellow's above ground I'll find him in Chicago now; that is, if he really did come to America a year ago, as his fond father (?) writes. I enclose for your further information his last letter; and I would be proud of the fact if you two fellows could unearth him at the Columbian city." I gave you carte blanche for the case.

"Umph! That means roll up your sleeves and go in."

I took up the copy of the Englishman's letter. "Shall I read it?" I asked, or, is engraven on your memory?" implored Dave. "Yes—go ahead."

"Dundalk house, January 3, 1893."

"Messrs. —"

"Gentlemen,—On November 6th inst., in the year of 1892, Carroll L. Rae, Esq., of Dundalk house, left his home, ostensibly for a few days in London. He was never seen again at Dundalk, and we have been accurately informed that he sailed for America. In that month, quite a typical rural New Englander, through the gate of the enclosure, and prompted doubtless by the words I had just heard, I took another and more extended survey of the building so justly extolled, this time lifting my eyes to the upper window and the balcony overhanging the stream.

Was it a mere passing resemblance, or a fancied one, or was the face I saw for just an instant at one of those upper windows the face of the little brunette whom I had laid claim to Miss Jenny's bag? If so, she had been scanning the increasing crowd through an opera-glass, and she had dropped this in seeming haste, and vanished, before I could prolong my glance.

It's hardly likely," I said to myself, and turned toward the bridge spanning the little stream, and lying between me and the entrance I sought.

As I stepped upon the bridge I saw, on the other side, just coming out from the shadow of the elevated tracks above the entrance, the little form and rare-blond face, not to be mistaken anywhere, with its fine, clear contour, its dark eyes, and fine, healthful pallor.

She came forward leisurely, and stopped by the railing at the edge of the platform to look down at the white-headed Laplander, who constantly paddled up and down in the little stream, between the bridge and the Lapland village beyond the enclosure, a few rods to the north.

Just then there was a cry from behind the gates, followed by the rattling of a drum, and one of those perpetually arriving "processions" came filing down the platform, and across the bridge. I was in no haste to accede to my friend's suggestion, and possibly in the face of one or more of my ever-present brethren of the watchful eye, and so, while she waited unhurried upon one side of the bridge, I stopped also, looking down upon the little stream, and feigning interest in the white-robed canoeist paddling, and, doubtless, perishing, in the mild June air. The procession was not a long one, and was formed of boys, half-grown, and wholly effervescent, wearing what was evidently an extemporized uniform, and carrying a banner, which informed me that it was a boys' school, sent from an outlying town through the liberality of some "Homestead," "somebody," whose name I did not hear; for the fact of the sending was not emblazoned upon the red-silk banner they carried, but was announced, often and willingly, in reply to numerous queries all along the line.

They were a healthy and wholesome lot of fellows, and while I gazed at them, not without a feeling of interest

I turned it over and read the half-dozen lines written thereon:

"Carroll Rae, if found, is to be told at once that his brother, Sir Hugo, is dead."

"Oh!" ejaculated Brainerd: "so it's not his father—well, that alters things. We may be able to find a Sir Carroll Rae, especially as he must have about exhausted that thousand pounds if he has been doing the States in true English style."

"At any rate," I added, "it's on our backs. I suppose one may keep an eye out for a swell young Englishman here as well as elsewhere. It's only one more face in the crowd."

"And that reminds me," said my friend, "this business almost put it out of my head. I took a turn on that Intramural road this afternoon."

"Yes?" I knew better than to interrupt at this point.

"I saw," I am sure I saw—whom do you think?"

"Dave, that's like a woman! I'm surprised at you. You saw Delbas."

"Wrong!" I saw, I'm certain of it, Greenback Bob."

"Good!"

"He has dressed very swell—you might have mistaken him for one of the Board of Directors; but it was Bob."

"And you piped him home, of course?" I queried.

"Of course I didn't. He was going one way and I the other, each on an Intramural road."

"And you were running to stop the car, and Bob, when I saw you at Mount Vernon street?" I said, wickedly: "did you overtake it?"

"I did—just."

"And Bob?" eagerly.

"Well," with a grin, "I'm sorry to disappoint you, but when I jumped on board, at the last moment, I found that Bob had got off while I got on. In fact, I saw him going downstairs as I was borne away to Fifty-seventh street. There, boy, don't look so mournful; it's all in the game. I couldn't find a trace of him; but we know he's here."

I had decided on the night of my arrival, after pondering late the adventure of the black bag, or, as I now described it to myself, Miss Jenny's bag, upon my course of action concerning it.

In her letter to her friend she had mentioned the entrance at Fifty-seventh street as being near her place of abode, and I had promised myself that I would be ready at that gate to watch for the coming of Miss Jenny, and to restore her property—what else?

But I had not counted upon a diamond robbery at the very beginning of my World's Fair adventures, and as I did not wish to go unaccompanied, I did not attempt to stand guard at evening.

The second morning saw me at an early hour, alone, and so near the gate at Fifty-seventh street that I could in no possible way miss the lady should she appear.

I had not needed to avoid Dave. He had been prompt to tell me that he meant to put in the day looking for the missing bag, and that he should "do his looking" upon Midway.

"And why Midway?" I had asked him.

"Because, if there's a place that is better than all others in which to hide oneself, that place is the Midway."

It was quite true, and as I made my way toward the northern entrance, I shook out the close-rolled folds of my own umbrella, and poised it carefully between my face and the sun.

And now, made bold by my canopy, and frankly bent upon hearing what I could, I drew daringly near, and when they stopped and stood to gaze at the ornate New York State building I halted also.

"By no means," I heard the soft voice of the lovely blonde say, as she moved back a pace to look up at the facade. "That would be quite too enterprising. I am chaperoned by my aunt, who is no good, or sight-seer as myself, and for four days I've ventured—"

Here the sharp call of some hurrying chair-boys drowned her words, and I next heard the brunette's voice.

"Things do happen so strangely!"—it was impossible to catch all of her words—"mamma, I don't know what I do dislike being alone, though—in the Art Gallery—acquaintances. That is all—I do wish—"

They moved on, Miss Jenny increasing her speed perceptibly, and seeking, it seemed to me, to walk a little aloof from her companion, which caused me to wonder if she could be expecting or hoping to meet any one. I was no longer able to hear their conversation. They again paused and gazed long at the fine colonial building of the State of Massachusetts.

I had hardly looked to see Miss Jenny enter the placid New York hall, but when she turned away from Massachusetts without entering or so much as climbing the terrace steps I wondered; and then, as the pair turned away, and after a moment of seeming hesitation, moved on toward the lake, a man, tall and slender, and passed me closely, and at such a rapid pace as to attract my attention to himself. He walked well, with a quick, swinging stride, and I think I never saw a man's clothes fit better. His hands were gloved, and in one of them he carried a natty umbrella, using it as a cane. I had seen his face, for he turned it neither to right nor left; and his splendid disregard for the beauties all about him was explained when I saw him halt beside Miss Jenny and hold out a hand with the assured air of an old friend. I was near enough to see the smile on her face when she turned to greet him, but the few quick words they exchanged were of course unheard. Then I saw her turn toward the brunette on the other side; but that brisk little person had already drawn back, and now she said a word or two, nodded airily, and, turning, went quickly away.

(To be continued.)

### Living on Their Noses.

There are some 300 men in England whose nose of smell is so developed that they can discriminate between odors which offer no distinctions to an uneducated nose. They are employed by the manufacturing chemists, tea importers and the large wine and liquor establishments. A perfectly trained nose is necessary to those whose business is the compounding, blending and testing of perfumes and essences.

The most curious point about these people who live on their noses is that the majority are totally blind. The reason is that when any person loses one sense the other senses are more fully developed. These men travel about from merchant to merchant, generally earning between \$300 and \$400 a year.—Stray Stories.

### A Struggling Performance.

"What is artistic irregularity?"  
"It's the way most people pay their bills."

When a man is calm in a shipwreck, it does not necessarily follow that he is brave. He may be stupid.—Detroit Journal.

## WOMEN HAVE BACKACHE

AND SUFFER THE PAINS AND DISTRESSES OF KIDNEY DISEASE.

Women are so accustomed to attribute their pains to ailments of the feminine organs that they frequently suffer with backache and kidney disorders without understanding the nature of the disease.

The most marked symptom of kidney disease is backache. Then there is irregularities in urinating and deposits in the urine. When these indications are present, delays are dangerous. There is safety only in the immediate treatment with the world's greatest kidney cure—

## DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Women who suffer with backache and the tired, languid feelings which accompany kidney ailments can use Dr. Chase's Kidney Liver-Pills with perfect confidence. They are purely vegetable, and act naturally on the kidneys, liver and bowels.

One pill a dose, 25 cents a box. At all dealers, or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.



# THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.  
Grayson Block, Main Street.  
Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

## THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.  
Subscription, \$1.50 per year.  
Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 50c; subsequent insertions 25c each.  
All transient advertisements, such as By-laws, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c per line; subsequent insertions 8c—solid nonpareil measurement.

### JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ,—  
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1899.

### WHO IS ELIGIBLE?

That is the question that many rate-payers of Moose Jaw are asking just now in connection with the approaching municipal elections, nominations for which will be held next Monday. The question is not hard to answer. The Municipal Ordinance is very clear on the subject. Section 9 of Part I says:

9. The persons eligible for election as mayors, Reeves and councillors shall be natural born or naturalized subjects of Her Majesty and males of the full age of twenty-one years able to read and write, not subject to any disqualification under this Ordinance. \*\*\*

These conditions are easily fulfilled, but there are others and it is not every ratepayer who can subscribe to sub-section (a) of the above, which reads:

(a) In towns, being resident within the municipality or within two miles of the limits of the municipality, the owner at the time of the election of freehold, leasehold or partly freehold and partly leasehold real estate rated in their own names on the last revised assessment roll of the municipality to at least the value following, over and above all charges, liens, and encumbrances affecting the same: freehold \$500, leasehold \$1,500.

If you contemplate offering for municipal honors, the important points to be borne in mind are: (1) You must be a natural born or naturalized subject of Her Majesty, a male, of the full age of twenty-one years, and able to read and write; (2) You must own real estate and personal property; (3) It must be in your own name, and not in that of your wife or anyone else; (4) It must be absolutely free of encumbrance, to the amount of \$500 if freehold and \$1,500 if leasehold. How many are eligible? Don't all speak at once.

Then there are certain persons who are not qualified to sit as councillors. Section 10 says:

10. No judge of any court of civil jurisdiction, no gaoler or keeper of any house of correction, no sheriff, deputy sheriff, sheriff's bailiff or constable in any town, no assessor, secretary-treasurer or other paid official of the municipality, no bailiff, no inspector of licenses, no person having by himself or his partner an interest in any contract with or on behalf of the corporation or being indebted to the municipality, and no surety for an officer or employee of the municipality, and no person who shall have been convicted of treason or an offence punishable with death or imprisonment for more than five years in any court of law within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be qualified to be a member of the council of any municipality.

The qualification of voters is also laid down by the Ordinance. Sub-section 2 of Section 18 says:

(2) The persons qualified to vote shall be the men, unmarried women and widows over twenty-one years of age who are assessed upon the last revised assessment roll of the municipality for income or personal property for \$200 or upwards or who are named upon the said assessment roll as either occupants or owners of real property held in their own right or (in the case of married men) held by their wives for \$200 and upwards and whose names appear in the voters' list founded upon such roll.

So much for the council. Now for the school trustees. The qualifications for this office are not so stringent. Section 31 of the School Ordinance says:

31. The persons qualified to be elected trustees shall be actual resident rate-payers within the district, able to read and write and not disqualified under this Ordinance.

Sub-section 2 of Section 2 defines "resident ratepayer" as any person over the age of twenty-one years, actually residing in the school district, whose name appears on the last revised assessment roll and who has paid all taxes due by him to the district.

During his recent visit to Medicine Hat, Commissioner J. H. Ross was asked by The News regarding the Local Improvement District Ordinance, and stated that the North-West Government, under the North West Act, had the power to

raise money by direct taxation. In the test case at Yorkton the land company entering the suit had withdrawn it, paying the taxes and paying the cost of the suit. The Government was determined to see the thing through. Suits had been entered against the Hudson's Bay Company and a number of other large property owners and lessors. Mr. Ross was asked where this money would be spent which was raised in this way. He replied that every cent of it would be spent in the district in which it was raised. If the present assessment of \$2 a year on each quarter section was too much for the work required, the assessment would be reduced another year. He thought after the stockmen saw the affair in operation and saw what was done with the money they would be willing to fall in with the proposition without any remonstrance.

The Toronto Telegram, in commenting upon Canada's part in the Boer war, says: "Canada is doing more to aid Britain in the Transvaal than any of the other colonies of the British nation. All the Australian colonies have decided to help Britain, but the decision has not been reached without strife and wrangling, compared to which the discussion in Canada has been mere child's play. The grant in Tasmania was reduced, and, in some of the other colonies, the proposal to aid Britain was antagonized more bitterly by men of English origin than in Canada by men of French origin. Canada is doing nobly, and, as the boys, English and French, Protestant and Catholic, go to the front, united for the honor of their own dear country and defence of the great British Empire, they will leave behind them a people, one in prayers for their safety and in the hope of British victory, early and complete."

School Inspector Rothwell has seen a good deal of the Doukhobors in his travels during the past summer. He is favorably impressed with their industry and perseverance. They are far behind in their ideas of the smaller properties of modern civilization, but will rapidly improve in this respect. The home duties fall largely upon the women, the men being away at employment that brings ready cash. Several of the women have husbands in exile in Siberia, for periods of varying duration, and in most instances they are hopefully awaiting re-union in this land of liberty and opportunity. One poor woman stated pathetically that she had no hope of seeing her husband again as he had nineteen years to serve and was in poor health. These people need more schools. As a measure even of self protection it is an imperative duty imposed upon us by Federal authority, to see that they do not remain in ignorance.—Regina Standard.

Among the Canadian exhibits to the Paris Exhibition, few are likely to attract more attention than the fat ox, Royal Canadian Duke, which is being sent over by an Ottawa firm of stockraisers. The animal was bred and reared at Bow Arrow, near Brandon, Man. He measures ten feet ten inches from the tip of the nose to the butt of the tail, is nine feet seven inches in girth round the heart, and stands five feet eight inches at the shoulder. His present weight is estimated at about 3,500 pounds, and no trouble is anticipated in making him tip the scale at two tons by the time he is exhibited in Paris. Experts consider him a marvellous beast in every particular, and there can be no doubt his appearance at the Exhibition will be of immense value in assisting the millions of visitors who will see him to realize the possibilities of Canada as a stockraising country.

The total number of persons killed and injured from all causes in the working of railroads during 1898 was 1,179 killed and 6,343 injured; and the total number of passengers' journeys, exclusive of journeys by season ticket holders, was 1,062,911,116 for the year 1898, or 32,490,915 more than in the previous year. The proportion of passengers killed and injured during 1898 was one in 6,947,131 killed, and one in 508,402 injured. In the previous year the proportion was one in 7,747,520 killed and one in 628,688 injured.

The aggregate trade for the first four months of the current fiscal year is nearly \$132,000,000 as against \$119,400,000 in 1898, or an increase of \$12,500,000. The imports for October total \$14,500,000, as against \$13,700,000 in October, 1898, and the exports \$18,700,000, as against \$19,900,000, an increase of \$1,200,000 on the total trade of the month. The principal increases in exports have been in animals and agricultural products, and there is every indication that this healthy development will continue.

Wrong motives for action bring ruin in their train: right motives cannot fail to bring success. "Right for right's sake," is the only safe guide for our children, as for ourselves. And it is a sufficient one. Contrary to the accepted idea of many grown people, a child can grasp it. I am not sure but that often a child can grasp this truth much more clearly than an adult, because the youthful mind is less befogged by worldly wisdom.—December Ladies Home Journal.

## If You Want Comfort,

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and you will find complete lines in latest styles of

Boots & Shoes.

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Handsome Dress Goods.

Ready-Made Clothing.

GREEN APPLES.

New Cooking & Heating Stoves.

Finest assortment of goods in town. New goods arriving daily.

## Richard Bogue.

### Eastview.

Eastview, Nov. 28.—We are glad to see by THE TIMES that the expectations of our brother farmers in the other settlements of this district are being fully realized from this year's crop as regards the yield per acre; and we know that they will be equally as well pleased to hear of the success in this settlement. Threshing will not be completed for several days yet, but so far the average yield has been excellent. Mr. Jas. Johnson has 3,800 bushels of wheat of 125 acres, and 2,000 of oats of thirty acres; Mrs. Hallett has 1025 bushels of wheat of thirty-five acres and 300 of oats of six acres; Mr. N. T. Alcock's 170 acre field on the Dalgerty farm yielded him 4,700 bushels of wheat, and Mr. Robert Alcock's twenty-five acre field of summer-fallow yielded him an average of thirty-six bushels to the acre, and his forty acres of stubble averaged twenty-two bushels per acre. These are only a few of the settlers of this locality, but their yields speak for the settlement as a whole.—The Eastview Threshing Syndicate is still at work and expects to complete operations on Monday. Most of the wheat has been shipped from Pasqua direct from the threshers, and up to the present it has all graded No. 1 Hard at Fort William, with the probable exception of one or two cars.—We notice that the Elevator Commission has been touring the country and hope that its labors will result in relief for the farmers. So far we have to be thankful that there is no elevator at Pasqua and therefore we still enjoy the privilege of shipping our grain to Fort William and selling it to whom we please.—The school has been closed since the summer holidays, but we understand that it will re-open about New Year's.—Messrs. Ernest Dell and Wm. Alexander have left for their homes in Ontario, after working with the Eastview Threshing Syndicate for the past month. Mr. Dell has been so favorably impressed with our settlement and the opportunities it offers for a young man that he has decided to return next spring and commence farming operations.—The Moose Jaw corps of the Salvation Army held a very successful meeting in the school house last Monday evening. That's right, come again. HAWK EYE.

M. J. McLeod & Co.'s new sign is the most recent addition to the ornaments of Main St. It is the work of our well known sign painter, Mr. Alex. McGregor.

## DR. PIERCE'S Favorite PRESCRIPTION

Makes weak women strong and sick women well.



The great Temperance Remedy.

### A DYSPEPSIA CURE

Ever Reliable and Welcomed by the Most Delicate Stomach is Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets.

Let the worst dyspeptic eat a pineapple a day for six months and so greatly would his health improve, he would look and feel like a new person. The reason is plain. The pineapple holds a generous supply of vegetable pepsin, which, next to the juices of the stomach, is the greatest digestive known. Very few people can obtain the daily pineapple, but everyone can get Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets which are mainly composed of this precious fruit juice. They are eaten as candy, are as harmless as ripe fruit, and always give satisfaction. They cure all digestive troubles. Box of 60 Tablets 35 cents.

The December number of the Delineator is called the Yuletide number, and with its innumerable illustrations is certainly one of the most artistic magazines ever sent out. Aside from being the leading fashion publication, it contains much choice literary matter from the pens of well known authors. Of particular interest are the household topics, inexpensive Christmas gifts, and some holiday desserts. In addition the regular departments are unusually bright and original—Social Observances, by Mrs. Frank Learned; the Milliner, the Dressmaker, crocheting, tatting, knitting, the newest books, etc. Subscription price of the Delineator, \$1.00 a year, single copies 15c. Order from the local agent for Butterick Patterns, or address the Delineator Publishing Co., of Toronto, Limited, 33 Richmond St. west, Toronto, Ont.

### WHEN DOCTOR SAYS "HOPE-LESS."

South American Kidney Cure Steps in and Cures Bright's Disease and Other Kidney Disorders.

It is really wonderful the number of so-called hopeless cases diagnosed so by the best physicians in the land, that have been radically cured by South American Kidney Cure. It goes directly to the seat of the trouble, dissolves and eradicates from the system every impurity that would clog these organs and prevent them performing their perfect function. Thousands have written voluntarily to say "It has cured me."

The quantity of paper money of small denomination in circulation is always accepted as an indication of general prosperity among the masses, and it is therefore satisfactory to notice, from a statement just issued, that the number of \$1 and \$2 Dominion bills in use have greatly increased in the last few years. In October, 1894, there was but \$7,013,306 in circulation, last year the figure had increased to \$8,012,002 for the same month, and last month the total was \$9,421,985, in other words the increase in October was \$900,286 over October of 1898, and \$2,390,517 over October of 1894.

At the grain show held in Fort Qu'Appelle on Friday last the first prize was given to wheat weighing 66 lbs. to the bushel and the second to grain weighing 66 lbs. Mr. Ormiston, of Fort Qu'Appelle, was the fortunate possessor of the first prize variety. This sample beats all known records, the previous record being 66 lbs.—Progress.

### "STRANDED" NERVES.

Healthy Nerves are the Corner Stone of Good Health—Take South American Nervine, Does Everything it Promises.

La Grippe has left many "stranded" constitutions, nervous wrecks, hopeless despondent cases. South American Nervine is seeking them out—has gone to the fountain head of the trouble and is lifting many a protracted one out of the darkness of disease into the sunny light of perfect health. A well-known Toronto lady wrote last week: "I was at death's door, and South American Nervine saved me."

OFFICIAL TIME, WASHBURN'S GUIDE, 50

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Alexandria, Ont.	Manitow, Man.
Boisbassin, Man.	Morden, "
Carberry, "	Melfla, "
Carman, "	Moosemin, N.W.T.
Crystal City, Man.	Moose Jaw, "
Carlton Place, Ont.	Norwood, Ont.
Calgary, N.W.T.	Nepawa, Man.
Deloraine, Man.	Ottawa, Ont.
Glenboro, "	Quebec, Que.
Greta, "	Quebec (N. Law), S.
Hartney, "	Regina, N.W.T.
Hamiota, "	Shellburne, Ont.
Holland, "	Smith's Fall's Ont.
Hastings, Ont.	Souris, Man.
Indian Head, N.W.T.	Toronto, Ont.
Killarney, Man.	Virton, Man.
Lethbridge, N.W.T.	Warton, Ont.
Macleod, "	Winchester, Ont.
Merrickville, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man.
Minnedosa, Man.	Wawanesa, "
Montreal, Quebec.	Yorkton, "

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G. A. FISHER, Sub-Manager

## LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE.

The undersigned wishes to announce that he has leased the River Street stables from Mr. G. M. Annible, and is now conducting a livery, feed and sale business, and is prepared to furnish first-class rigs and good driving horses on shortest notice. Draying done to all parts of the town at moderate charges. Horses and cattle bought and sold on commission. A share of your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jos. E. Battell.

## FAMOUS STOVES.

"Red Cross Signal," "Famous Pailor," "Famous Oak," "Kitchen-er," and "Mortuary" are the names of a few of the "Famous" stoves included in our last car load just received. They are all "Famous" because they have a "Famous" record for their durability as quick bakers, superior heaters, and "solid" comforters. When buying a stove, secure a good one from

G. K. SMITH.

Hardware Merchant, Practical Tinsmith, and Furnace Work a specialty

### Lumber Yard

—and—

### Planing Mill.

Windows, Doors, Mouldings in all shapes and sizes. If we have not got what you want in stock, we can make it for you.

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Buy from us and encourage home industry. Please leave cash with order.

E. Simpson & Co.

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Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

W. M. GRAYMUN, Barrister, Advocate, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc.  
Office Main St., Moose Jaw, N.W.T.  
Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

W. B. WILLOUGHBY, B.A. LL.B.  
Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, & Solicitor for Union Bank of Canada.  
Bellamy Block Moose Jaw, Ass.

LAWRENCE KING.  
Barrister, Advocate, Etc.  
Office: Main St. Moose Jaw.

T. C. JOHNSTONE,  
Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, Etc.  
Office: Cor. South Ry. & Ross Sts., Regina.

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Office in Bell's block, cor. Main and River streets.

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SURGEON DENTIST  
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Open 6th to 20th each month. For time in town during the remainder of each month see card on office door.  
All branches in dentistry skillfully performed.

H. McDUGALL, Registrar, Moose Jaw District, for Births, Marriages and Deaths.

SEYMOUR GREEN,  
Registrar, Etc.,  
Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Homestead Entries made, Fire Insurance, Farms and other lands for sale. Town lots for sale.

PERCY BEESLEY, Architect. Plans and Specifications prepared at moderate charges. Address, Moose Jaw, N.W.T.

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J. A. McDONALD, BLACKSMITH.  
Manufacturer of McDonald's Weed Destroyer and Cultivator.  
High Street, West, Moose Jaw, Ass.

### The Farmers' Commercial Union.

Regular meetings of the Farmer's Commercial Union will be held in the Orange Hall, Caron, on the Friday on or before the full moon in each month, at 7 o'clock p.m. SAMUEL HETTY, President; Z. BATTALL, Sec.-Treasurer.

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Job Work a Specialty.  
Repairing Promptly Executed.  
Oxford Stoves and Ranges.

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A hand-drawn illustration of a steam engine, with various parts labeled.

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## LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES

First class rigs and good driving horses to hire on reasonable terms. Draying done to all parts of the town. Best accommodation for the general public.

McDonald & Riddell.  
High St., Moose Jaw.



## Church Directory.

### BAPTIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. G. W. Young.  
Services—Sunday, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.  
Sunday School 2:30 p. m.; B. Y. P. U. Mon-  
day evening at 8 o'clock; Prayer meeting  
Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.  
All are cordially invited.

### PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. Samuel MacLean, B.A.  
Services—Sunday 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.  
Sunday School 2:30 p. m.; Thursday, Prayer  
Meeting, 7:30. Everybody welcome.

Somerside Mission Field.—J. H. Wal-  
lace, B.A., missionary in charge. Services  
at Somerside (10:30), Somerside church  
(2:30), Caron (4:30), on Dec. 3rd and every  
alternate Sabbath thereafter.

Buffalo Lake Mission.—J. H. Wallace,  
B.A., missionary in charge. Services at  
Marlborough (11:00), Marlborough church  
(2:30), on Dec. 10th and every alternate Sabbath  
thereafter. A cordial invitation is extended.

### METHODIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. O. Darwin.  
Weekly Services—Sunday, preaching 11  
a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sunday School 2:30 p. m.;  
E. L. of C. E. Monday evening at 8 p. m.;  
Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 8  
o'clock.  
The public are cordially invited. All  
seats free.

### CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST. (ANGELICAN.)

Rector—Rev. J. S. Chivers, A.K.C.  
Services—Sunday, Celebration of Holy  
Communion at 8 o'clock on I, III and V Sun-  
days in month; Matins, Litany and Sermon  
at 11 a. m.; Celebration after Matins II and  
IV Sunday; Sunday School at 2:30 p. m.;  
Evening and Sermon at 7 p. m.; Matins  
daily at 10 a. m.; Evening daily at 5 p. m.;  
Friday at 7:30 p. m.  
All seats free. Everybody welcome. Hymns  
Ancient and Modern are used.

## MUNICIPAL MEETING.

(Continued from page 1.)

of drainage also came in for criticism.  
Mr. Fysh protesting against the way  
Manitoba St. had been flooded by the  
surface water of the town. He strongly  
disapproved of the giving of \$200 to the  
C.P.R. for the putting of the sewer at  
the head of Main St.

Mayor Bogue in reply said that the  
drainage of Manitoba St. was worthy of  
consideration and was a question which  
would have to be solved. In his opinion  
the water should be drained east.

Mr. G. K. Smith asked if anything had  
been done in regard to waterworks and  
sewerage system.

Mayor Bogue replied that the Council  
had made a step in that direction. He  
believed in the appointment of a scaven-  
ger and a system of dry earth closets.  
We do not know what diseases may be  
caused by the condition of the town at  
present in this regard.

Mr. Jno. E. Green enquired as to the  
cause of the great disparity in the assess-  
ment of the lots instanced by Mr. Fysh.

Mayor Bogue replied that it was a case  
which had evidently escaped the atten-  
tion of the Council. Mr. Grayson, the  
town solicitor and agent of the Company,  
said that the matter was easily explained  
as there was nothing in it. There was  
no disparity as the two lots were not to  
be compared. In fact he was selling the  
lots to-day for \$45 which were assessed  
for \$55. Mr. Grayson was of the opinion  
that the Northwest Land Co. should pay  
taxes the same as anybody else.

Mr. Seymour Green wanted to know  
if the Council had any figures to submit  
regarding the waterworks.

Mayor Bogue replied in the negative,  
for the reason that it would cost too  
much to obtain reliable estimates.

Mr. W. B. Willoughby said that there  
was one question raised on which he  
would like more light. Mr. Ross, M.L.A.,  
had said that Mr. Sifton had promised  
that the Government would dispose of  
its interests in the townsite. He thought  
it would be very desirable if the Council  
would take the matter up and press for  
a decision and would like to know if any  
action had been taken in this regard.

An interesting discussion followed in  
which it was pointed out that the Town-  
site Trustees had taken some interest in  
the neighborhood of \$200,000 out of Moose  
Jaw while they contributed nothing—or  
comparatively so—to the municipal  
treasury.

Mr. H. U. Morrison drew the attention  
of the Council to the fact that the town  
was responsible for any injury to the  
health of its prisoners, and wanted to  
know if the payment of the town hall  
was a suitable place for the town lock-up.

The Mayor replied that he understood  
the Council had considered the matter  
from that standpoint.

This was all the discussion on munici-  
pal matters. Considerable disappoint-  
ment was felt by the ratepayers over the  
neglect of the Council in regard to the  
submission of a financial statement,  
which, although not required for this  
meeting by law, is usually submitted,  
this being the first year in which it has  
been overlooked.

### THE SCHOOL BOARD.

Mr. Hugh Ferguson, chairman of the  
School Board, next took the chair and  
opened the school meeting in a few well  
chosen remarks. The Board had come to  
let the ratepayers know how much  
money they had received and how it had  
been spent. He then called upon the  
Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. Alex.  
Brecht, for his statement. During the  
year the total receipts from all sources to  
Oct. 31st had been \$7450.00, and the ex-  
penditure \$6923.03, leaving a balance on  
hand of \$526.97. An estimate of receipts  
and expenditures between Oct. 31st and  
December 31st was submitted. The  
receipts were estimated at \$5514.00 and  
the expenditures at \$5121.53, leaving a  
balance on hand at the end of the year  
of \$392.47. The debt on Dec. 31st will be  
\$9,000.00.  
The most important report submitted  
was that of the Trustees, which is as  
follows:—

### ANNUAL REPORT.

To the ratepayers of Moose Jaw School  
District, Gentlemen:—  
Your trustees have much pleasure in  
presenting their annual report.  
This year the staff of teachers remains  
unchanged. It consists of the following:

High School Department, with duties  
of Principal, Mr. A. M. Fenwick, M.A.;  
Public School Leaving Department, Mr.  
J. A. Munro, 1st class prof.; Jr. Inter-  
mediate Department, Mr. J. H. Laird,  
2nd class prof.; Jr. Intermediate De-  
partment, Miss G. Smith, 1st class prof.; 3rd  
Primary Department, Miss K. Middle-  
ton, 2nd class prof.; 2nd Primary De-  
partment, Miss M. Stevenson, 1st class  
prof.; 1st Primary Department, Miss T.  
Davidson, 2nd class prof.

The past year has been one of in-  
creased prosperity in our fast growing town.  
The enrollment of the school has increased  
proportionately. The Principal reports  
that over fifty scholars are enrolled who  
are newcomers to the town. In all there  
are 300 children attending the school at  
present.

The consequence of this increase is  
that the work of some of the teachers is  
much increased, particularly in the  
Primary Departments. It will be seen  
that this is partly due to the irregular at-  
tendance. The following is the enrollment  
and the average attendance for this  
last term up to Friday, 24th inst.:

Principal's Dept.	Enrollm't.	Av. attend.
Mr. Munro's	13	8
Mr. Laird's	47	29
Miss Smith's	50	33
Miss Middleton's	38	28
Miss Stevenson	48	30
Miss Davidson	68	38

Total enrollment 300  
Average attendance of school 188

This is a most creditable showing.  
The Principal reports that teachers are  
given notes from the parents on the ab-  
sence of scholars. Monthly reports are  
sent to parents of all children above the  
Primary Rooms. These reports show the  
number of days in each month that the  
scholars are absent. A signed coupon  
from the parent certifies that the report  
has been received. Some parents are  
evidently grossly negligent in seeing that  
their children attend. Thus the work of  
the teacher is increased and the progress  
of the room impaired. We are prepared  
to take drastic measures with this in-  
difference.

Besides the moral effect on the other  
scholars, the loss of time and power of  
the teacher, and the evil effect on those  
children who are free to go and come at  
pleasure, there is the financial aspect.  
A portion of our Government grant is  
given on attendance. We will receive  
considerably less than we expect on such  
a large enrollment as 300 pupils.

There has been considerable sickness  
in town this term that has affected the  
attendance. There is surprising ignorance  
regarding the teacher's duty in the  
case of contagious disease. The law for-  
bids a teacher from admitting to school  
a child exposed to the following: Small-  
pox, cholera, scarletina, diphtheria,  
whooping-cough, measles, mumps, gland-  
ers or other contagious diseases. Child-  
ren are constantly being sent home be-  
cause they are living in houses exposed  
to contagious diseases.

Returning again to the question of  
attendance. The figures reported from  
the Principal's report show that in those  
rooms with a large enrollment the pro-  
portion of their teachers is made too heavy.  
In the High School Department the  
difficulty is of a different nature. The  
enrollment is but about 100, yet there  
is no overcrowding in this room. The  
question is an old one. In 1894 our  
predecessors in office in referring to this  
stated that the difficulty lay in the  
multiplicity of branches to be taught.  
In that year, as now, the Principal pre-  
pared for the government examinations  
3rd, 2nd and 1st class certificates. The  
trustees in reporting on this difficulty  
pointed out that for this high school  
in twenty subjects was necessary; if the  
work was to be carried. The work is no  
less now under the advancement made in  
the educational system of the last five  
years.

The total abolition of the High School  
work is the solution of the difficulty of  
the over-enrollment in the other rooms.  
That the ratepayers may be able to view  
the saving in expense we append the  
following estimate of the cost of this de-  
partment.

The Government grant is divided into  
four headings: (1) For every day the  
department is open, \$1.40; (2) for every  
pupil in average attendance, \$1.50; (3)  
for the employment of a teacher holding  
first class certificate, \$30 a day; (4) the  
Inspector's grant on the general proficiency  
of the school, from 5c to 15c a day.

Our High School Department draws  
from these sources (1) about \$290 for the  
daily opening; (2) about \$13 from at-  
tendance of pupils; (3) about \$42 for  
teacher's certificate; (4) about \$25 for  
the Inspector's grant. A total of about  
\$375.

To this must be added some \$200 a  
year from fees paid by pupils, making a  
total revenue from all sources of \$575.  
The cost to the town is about \$300 a year.

The question is an important one, as  
important as it is urgent. We are fast  
becoming overcrowded and a new room  
must be furnished and opened in the  
near future, if things are to remain as at  
present. The High School Department has  
an enrollment of about a dozen  
pupils. With the attempt to teach the  
branches of Standards VI, VII and VIII  
comes the difficulty of the number of ad-  
vanced subjects which must be taught  
by one man. In Regina there are two  
teachers (neither of whom do any super-  
vising of the public school departments)  
who do the work now attempted by our  
Principal in the High School Depart-  
ment.

The number of pupils in this room  
grow very slowly. Is it worth while con-  
tinuing this work, or shall we drop the  
attempt? This question has faced suc-  
cessive boards since 1894.

After looking at the matter in all lights  
we have come to a decision. Rather  
than open a new room we will decline, in  
the near future, to attempt the work of  
the highest standard—for first class cer-  
tificates. In place of teaching this stand-  
ard the Principal will have charge of the  
fifth class. Mr. Munro will take part of  
Mr. Laird's room and thus relief will be  
obtained in all the lower rooms.

The school grounds will receive atten-  
tion. We propose erecting a fence so as  
to make a master appearance. An attempt  
will be made to beautify them with trees  
and the children will receive encourage-  
ment in caring for flowers.

We desire to thank all those to whom  
the Principal has referred in his report.  
The local paper, The Times, has particu-  
larly rendered us efficient help, for which  
our hearty thanks are due.

In conclusion we must appeal to those  
concerned in the welfare of the school to  
give it their hearty support. We can

have an efficient school only through the  
parents giving the teachers their sym-  
pathetic consideration and unqualified  
loyalty.

H. FERGUSON, W. C. SANDERS,  
W. GRAYSON, J. SIMMONS.

Principal A. M. Fenwick next submitted  
his sixth annual report in which he pre-  
sented the statistics required by Ordina-  
ance. During the year very little time  
had been lost through the absence of  
teachers. Instruction in the following  
branches had been given every scholar:  
Reading, literature, orthography, spelling,  
composition, geography, nature study,  
arithmetic, hygiene and ethics. In agri-  
culture, grammar, and music, 250; in  
history, 200; in bookkeeping, algebra and  
geometry, 80; in botany, 19; in trigono-  
metry and chemistry, 2. The school popu-  
lation is a good barometer for testing the  
growth of the town. This year 397  
children have been under instruction as  
against 303 last year, there being 180 boys  
and 187 girls. Over 50 of the children  
were new comers in town. While the  
school is growing in size and usefulness,  
there are two points in which it is de-  
ficient. The first is the difficulty of super-  
vising. The combination of high school  
work and superintending the work in the  
lower rooms is not an easy one. The  
principal should plan work for the other  
teachers, see to and assist in carrying out  
the plans, help and advise teachers, and  
study the different problems that arise  
from individual children. This is neces-  
sary for a good school. The one man re-  
viewing the work as a whole will see its  
weakness better than one who is engaged  
in part of the work. The claims of the  
work we are attempting in the high school  
have taken precedence to that of super-  
vising. He could see no way to ob-  
viate this. There are six departments  
to supervise, with fourteen classes. To  
examine one of these classes in two sub-  
jects a month would take an hour a day  
of his time. Relief lies in the growth of  
the high school department into sufficient  
members to call for the engagement of  
an assistant. But unless progress is  
made in a phenomenal way we may not  
look for this for at least five years. The  
second point in which we are weak is  
that of irregular attendance. The remedy  
for this lies with the parents. The regu-  
larity of attendance of the majority of  
the children leaves nothing to be desired  
but it makes the failings of the minority  
so much the greater. The remedy lies  
beyond the teachers, but the additional  
work is all theirs. Lessons have to be  
reviewed. Scholars grow discouraged  
through being unable to grasp work  
missed through absence, and the tendency  
is for other scholars to imitate the  
example set by absentees. Among the  
improvements to the school the Principal  
mentioned with pride the growth of the  
picture library. This collection was  
started about eighteen months ago. There  
is now nearly 1,000 pictures mounted on  
cardboard and classified and arranged for  
class work. Every kind of school work  
that calls for illustration is represented,  
and the teachers acknowledge it as an in-  
valuable help. Fifteen dollars covers the  
cost. The work of decorating the school  
walls is progressing slowly and the  
children are being surrounded gradually  
with good pictures. It would be money  
well spent for some public spirited citizen  
to present the school with some good  
paintings or a piece of statuary. There  
is not a child in the town but would be  
wondering if there had been much mis-  
understanding of carelessness on the part  
of parents in sending children to school  
who are exposed to contagious diseases,  
causing the teaching staff consider-  
able trouble. The past has been the first  
year in which the school has lost a pupil  
by death for at least five years. The  
Principal was glad to notice a growing  
spirit of forbearance among the towns-  
people. Parents are more willing to help  
their family and there is a marked growth  
in the belief that the teachers are doing  
their best for the children. Consequently  
there is less opposition and more  
sympathy than heretofore. He trusted  
that this would continue, as it is realized  
that the great object of our school is  
training our boys and girls to be good  
citizens. In conclusion, Mr. Fenwick  
bore testimony to the loss the school sus-  
tained by the departure of Mr. Baker,  
saying that he had been a patient and  
hard working chairman and had relieved  
the teachers of many burdens. He also  
thanked the parents who had contribut-  
ed to the picture library, and THE TIMES  
for "The Children's Column."

After the reports were all submitted  
the chairman called upon Mr. Thos. B.  
Baker, now of Winnipeg, who is one of  
the retiring trustees and a member of  
the board for the past three years. In a  
neat speech Mr. Baker took up the  
"High School" question and educational  
matters in general, saying that the trust-  
ees did not want to take any retrograde  
step, but they were not justified in con-  
tinuing to teach first class work unless  
the ratepayers wanted it. The matter  
had been under discussion for the past

four or five years until it had got down  
to the present position. It was a ques-  
tion that directly affected the ratepayers  
and it should not be passed over. It  
would indeed be a hardship to parents  
if they had to send their children away  
from home to be educated, and besides  
the money expended would go to build  
up other towns. If the ratepayers will  
not take hold of the matter and advise  
the trustees on the roll and be dropped,  
they would have themselves to blame.

Mr. W. C. Sanders believed in holding  
fast that which we had. There were two  
important points in education, namely,  
culture and conscience, or the intellec-  
tual and moral aspects. We had an ex-  
cellent staff of teachers if judged from  
both these standpoints. Regarding the  
High School he said we could do away  
with it because we never had a High  
School. But for a number of years we  
have been doing High School work. We  
have an excellent teacher in charge of  
this work who devotes all his time to the  
few pupils in this department. The  
trustees proposed to stop arrange matters  
as to enable the Principal to devote a  
portion of his time to other departments,  
thus a larger number would receive a  
greater benefit by his experience and ser-  
vices. The financial position of the  
school was good. In fact, we could wipe  
out our entire indebtedness after paying  
running expenses to Dec. 31st, if we had  
but \$2,000 more, as can be seen by the  
financial statement.

Mr. Wm. Grayson was the next trustee  
called on. After a few introductory re-  
marks he said that in order to draw the  
high school grant we would require an  
attendance of thirty. In 1894 there were  
only thirteen on the roll and an average  
attendance of eight. Therefore as busi-  
nessmen the board did not think itself  
warranted in continuing the first class  
work. We have an able Principal and  
we intend to keep him. The other de-  
partments were overcrowded and had to  
be relieved in some way. To open an-  
other room would cost about \$1,000,  
but we do not need to go to that expense.  
By dropping first class work and re-  
arranging the rooms the difficulty would  
be solved.

A long and profitable discussion fol-  
lowed in which Messrs. H. U. Morrison,  
R. Beard, Jno. E. Green, T. B. Baker,  
Principal Fenwick and Mr. Wm. Watson  
took part. Everyone seemed to be de-  
sirous of maintaining all the branches  
now taught if possible; but no one was  
able to point out a remedy. To put the  
matter in a nutshell, the board had  
either to engage another teacher and  
open a new room at an expense of \$1,000  
or stop teaching two pupils first class  
work—one of whom was an outsider.  
The Board was of the opinion that the  
latter course was the most advisable.  
Mr. J. E. Green made a good point when  
he said that the whole difficulty arose  
over there being so few in the High  
School. If there were a sufficient num-  
ber of pupils no one would think of dis-  
continuing the work. The Principal  
thought the point was well taken and  
said that at one time it was generally  
thought to be the fault of the teacher in  
charge of the entrance department, but  
future events showed that he was per-  
haps blamed unnecessarily. The real  
reason seemed to rest with the parents  
who allowed their children a great deal  
of liberty when at that age. Often when  
a boy comes to be about fifteen years  
he wants to go and earn money. He gets  
a few odd jobs now and then. His at-  
tendance becomes very irregular and  
eventually he drops out. If a boy is  
forced to come to school he generally  
studies as little as possible. The Prin-  
cipal was satisfied that it was not the  
fault of the present teacher. They had  
never had any difficulty in passing pupils  
who had studied. He had great sym-  
pathy with those who would be effected  
if the change were made as it was poor  
encouragement to the best pupils to  
know that they could only go as far as  
a second class certificate. Personally he  
regretted the situation very much, but if  
the ratepayers felt they could afford it,  
the work could perhaps be continued.  
A successful meeting was brought to a  
close at 23 o'clock by votes of thanks to  
the Council and School Board.

## THE BAZAAR.

### Something New!

We have just opened a nice line  
of fancy china, tea sets, sugarers,  
creamers, table sets of four pieces,  
celeries, salads, bread and butter  
plates, fruit sets of thirteen  
pieces, etc. etc.

Call and See Our Moose Jaw  
View China.

### MISS SIMPSON.

## WHO SAID OYSTERS?

Why, Wm. Green,  
of course!

He receives a consignment direct  
from Boston three times a week, and  
serves them on shortest notice at

### GREEN'S RESTAURANT.

Fresh Pastry Daily.

## SOAPS!

All prices from 5c.  
to 50c. a cake.

See our Line...

Of Tooth, Hair and Cloth  
Brushes.

E. L. COLLING.

## Hitchcock and McCulloch,

Bankers and Financial Agents.  
Moose Jaw, Assiniboia.

Five per cent. interest allowed on Deposit accounts.  
Current accounts conducted on favorable terms.  
Collections solicited. Prompt returns.  
Drafts and Cheques bought and sold.  
Correspondents:—Bank of Montreal.

## Farms for Sale! COAL!

Many being largely improved.  
CANADIAN ANTHRACITE.  
The cheapest heating coal in the  
market. Stove and furnace sizes,  
\$9.50 per ton; half tons, \$5.00.  
Nut, \$8.00; half tons, \$4.25. All  
orders must be accompanied by  
cash or paid on delivery. Orders  
received by G. B. Sharpe, at Mc-  
Dougall's lumber office.

R. BEARD.  
Three houses to sell or rent.

## PRICES REASONABLE, TERMS EASY.

Correspondence invited and promptly  
answered.  
G. A. MUTTLEBURY,  
450 Main St., Winnipeg.

## WAGON REPAIRING.

Farmers, Attention!

The undersigned wishes to announce  
to the people of Moose Jaw and district  
that he has opened a wagon repairing  
shop, above J. A. McDonald's blacksmith  
shop, and is now prepared to attend to  
your wants in this line. Having had  
twenty years' experience in the N.W.M.P.  
force, I am in a position to guarantee  
perfect satisfaction. Terms moderate  
and spot cash.

## GEORGE SERVICE.

No Strike on at

## GROW'S NEST PASS MINES,

Fernie, B. C.

But there might be! Lay in your winter's  
supply of fuel of this now famous coal at  
once. It will give out more heat to the  
ton and last longer than any other coal  
in the market.

N. B.—The refuse in other coal is the  
best part of the Fernie coal.

E. Simpson & Co.

## R. L. SLATER,

Fine Merchant Tailoring.

A complete line of.....

IMPORTED WOOLLENS

—AND—

GENT'S FURNISHINGS,

Just Arrived.

## OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

SAILING DATES.

FROM MONTREAL.

Nemidian—Allan Line.....Dec. 14

Vancouver—Dominion Line.....Dec. 10

Dominion—Dominion Line.....Dec. 24

Monterey—Beaver Line.....Dec. 7

FROM ST. JOHN, N.B.

Monterey—Beaver Line.....Dec. 6

Lake Huron—Beaver Line.....Dec. 14

FROM PORTLAND.

Nemidian—Allan Line.....Dec. 13

Vancouver—Dominion Line.....Dec. 9

Dominion—Dominion Line.....Dec. 23

FROM NEW YORK.

Germanic—White Star Line.....Dec. 6

Oceanic—White Star Line.....Dec. 13

Noordland—Red Star Line.....Dec. 6

Friesland—Red Star Line.....Dec. 13

New York—American Line.....Dec. 6

St. Louis—American Line.....Dec. 13

Umbria—Canard Line.....Dec. 9

Lancania—Canard Line.....Dec. 16

Cabin, \$50, \$52.50, \$60, \$70, \$80 and up-  
wards. Intermediate, \$32.50 and upwards.  
Steerage, \$22.50 and upwards.

Passengers ticketed through to all points  
in Great Britain and Ireland and at special  
low rates to all parts of the European con-  
tinent. Prepaid passage arranged from all  
points.

W. C. GORDIE, Agent,  
Moose Jaw.

Or to W. P. F. CUNNINGHAM,  
General Agent,  
C.P.R. Passenger Dept.,  
Winnipeg, Man.

WAGNOR'S GUIDE TO TRAVEL, 50c

## Brooklands Hog

Ranche,

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T.

Having received quite a

number of applications for

young pigs we beg to say

that we have no more for

sale this year. Thanking

our many friends for past

favors, we are,

yours truly,

BROOKLANDS HOG RANCHE,

R. H. W. HOLT, PROP.

## MONEY TALKS.



## EXCURSIONS AND SETTLEMENT.

The excursions to the east are this year to be run from December 4th to 31st.

The inauguration of the excursions over the Canadian Pacific took place thirty years ago, and with the increased business each year the immigration on the following spring also much increased. The extent of the influence wielded by our settlers can best be seen by the excursionists themselves, each of whom is usually accompanied by two or three friends on the return to the west. It has been the desire of the C.P.R. that this influence should be fostered in the east as the results besides adding to their business improves the trade of the country, helping the merchant, storekeeper and tradesman and, probably what has a more beneficial effect ensures the contentment of the settler who is completely at home when within daily reach of his friends.

The company also attaches considerable importance to the result to be derived from the visit of our settlers to the old home as it tends to draw the young men of the east out west during our harvest season, each year seeing a greater number. To such proportion has this grown, hardly credible, yet a fact nevertheless, that over 10,000 young men came from the east in August last on the cheap rates made by the company.

The good these young men do is incalculable and when their favorable impressions of the west are confirmed by the prosperous condition of our residents who spend their holidays in the east, next spring should see a greater influx than ever of new comers.

The indications are that a greater number than in any former year will spend Christmas with the old folks and special inducements are being offered to any who go east and who can dispose of the vacant lands in their localities.

The C.P.R. is expected of this increased excursion business are making great preparations to take care of it.

The first class coaches specially built for the service of the "Imperial Limited," and than which there are no finer cars on the American continent, are being brought west, while the tourist cars, a description of which is given in a folder issued by the company and to be had of any agent, are models of comfort.

The company do not confine this accommodation to the east bound journey. They intend running the "tourist cars" from the east in the spring so that the excursionists may have similar accommodation coming back.

What, probably, will be of great advantage to many going east via the C.P.R. will be the facilities afforded to bring back effects, and to accompany friends who have effects, will be the Express settlers trains that will be run in the spring. These trains are made up at Toronto and Montreal and are run through special tourist and colonist cars being attached, for the accommodation of the passengers who travel with their stock and effects, the passengers being as comfortable as on passenger trains.

The probabilities are that the exodus will be delayed till after the elections, and the latter may delay many in the west over the Christmas and New Year holidays. For those who may be prevented from getting away this year may desire to spend the holidays here, the tickets purchased on December 31st will be made good by the C.P.R. to reach the destination up till the 10th of January.

### A Curious Plant.

"A curious plant," said an eminent botanist to the writer a day or two ago, "is the wild tamarind or juba plant of the river side and waste places of tropical America, and very strange are its effects upon the non-ruminant animals that feed upon its young shoots, leaves, pods and seeds. It causes horses to lose the hair from their manes and tails, has a similar effect upon mules and donkeys and reduces pigs to complete nakedness. Horses are said to recover when fed exclusively on corn and grass, but the new hair is of different color and texture from the old, so that the animal is never quite the same as it was. "One animal of which I personally knew, after feeding on the plant, lost its hoofs and had to be kept in slings until they grew and hardened again. Ruminant animals are not thus affected, and the growth of the plant is actually encouraged in the Bahamas as a fodder plant for cattle, sheep and goats. The difference is probably due to changes effected upon it in the chewing of the cud."—Washington Star.

### A Jealous Elephant.

There is a very jealous elephant in the Jardin des Plantes, Paris. The place where he is housed adjoins that in which the camels are located, and a young camel recently introduced has had great attention lavished on him, to the detriment of the elephant, which had hitherto monopolized public favor in that quarter. The elephant grew more jealous day after day. Failing to attract the attention of a dainty little girl who was caressing his young rival, the huge pachyderm filled his trunk with water and deluged the offending fair one from head to foot.

### The Way to Live.

Let us not burden our time with trifles and our souls with grievances. We are every one of us good, bad and indifferent in our daily journey, walking with steady or unsteady step directly toward an open grave, and why worry and fret over anything? What is the laurel wreath of fame but a shadow? What is wealth but a bubble? Let us do our duty—the right as God gives us to see the right, with malice toward none, with charity for all.

## J. D. O'BRIEN.

BROKER IN

### Grain, Provisions and Stocks

Private Wire Connection with all Leading Markets. Grain and Securities Bought, Sold and Carried on Margin. Office and Reside at 148 Princess St., Winnipeg, Man. P. O. DRAWER 1887.

### THE MARKETS.

Winnipeg, Nov. 23, 1899.—The change in wheat prices during the past week has been unimportant. The statistics have all been of a bearish character, including an increase in the American visible supply of 1,500,000 bushels, small seaboard clearances, very limited export demand and very favorable reports on the growing crops of Australia, New South Wales and Argentina. The latter country is said to have a crop even larger than last year's and harvesting has already commenced in the northern sections. Should these crops mature without disaster, there will be an exportable surplus of about 100,000,000 bushels to be shipped during the coming year. The American visible supply is now 54,000,000 bushels compared with 21,400,000 bushels at this time last year and country elevator stocks in the northwestern states are now 11,000,000 bushels, compared with 7,500,000 bushels last year. It is estimated that only forty per cent. of the crop has left first hands in the spring wheat states. The speculation is small and the sentiment variable, but leaning to a little improvement on the theory that there have been only temporary reactions since December sold at 75 cents and one would be natural, even though temporary. Yet the market shows inherent weakness under the large supplies the world over, small shipping and export demand, a dull speculation and the heavier and steady movement from the southern hemisphere.

J. D. O'BRIEN.

### WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—Manitoba No. 1 hard at Fort William, 67½¢  
Flour—Ogilvie's Hungarian patent, \$1.90; Glenora, \$1.70. Manitoba strong bakers, 1.00; XXXA, \$1.15. Lake of the Woods patent, \$1.90, strong bakers, \$1.70; Meunier, \$1.50; XXX, \$1.30 per sack of 48 pounds, delivered in Winnipeg.  
Milled—Ogilvie bran, \$1.50 per ton; shorts \$13.50 net. Lake of the Woods bran, sack, \$12; shorts, \$14.  
Ground Feed—Best oat chaff, 20 per ton; mixed barley and oats, \$15.00; barley chop, 10; O cake, \$27 per ton.  
Oats—Milling 26 to 27c, and feed grades 25 to 26c on track here.  
Oatmeal—Per sack of 80 lbs., \$1.75. Barley—25 to 26c for feed; malting, 32c, on track here.  
Corn—41 to 42c on track.  
Wheat—At country points, 55 to 57c per bushel.  
Flax—At country points, \$1.20 per bushel.  
Hay—Baled, \$6.00 on track, Winnipeg. Loose, \$4 to \$5.  
Butter—Creamery, 22c at the factories. Dairy 20c for best grades.  
Cheese—12c at the factories for Manitoba.  
Eggs—Straw fresh 20c.  
Vegetables—Potatoes, 40c per bushel; carrots, 50c per bushel; turnips, 20 to 25c per bushel; beets, 25 to 30c per bushel; pumpkins, 15c per pound; pumpkins, 15c per lb.; dry onions, 75c to \$1.00 per bushel; cabbage, 3/4 to 1c per pound; celery, 30c per dozen bunches; squash, 1c per pound; Hubbard, 1 1/2c; marrow, 50 to 75c per doz.; green house lettuce 4c per dozen bunches; green house parsley, 2c per dozen bunches.  
Squash root—57c per pound.  
Hides—Inspected hides, No. 1, 7½¢; No. 2, 6½¢; No. 3, 5½¢. Branded hides grade No. 2, and bulls No. 3. Kip, 7c; calf, 8 to 9c; deerskins, 25 to 35c each; sheepskins, fresh killed, 60c each; sheepskins and lambs, 80c each; horsehides, 50 to 75c each.  
Wool—Unwashed Manitoba fleece, 7 to 8c per pound. None offering.  
Dressed Meats—Beef, good to choice, 6 to 6½¢; mutton, 8 to 9c, lamb, 9 to 10c; veal, 5 1/2 to 8c; dressed hogs, 6 1/2 to 8 1/2c per pound.  
Poultry—Turkeys 11 to 12½¢ per pound, dressed weight; geese, 10c per pound; ducks, 10c per pound; mixed lot chickens, 10c per pound.  
Tallow—2 1/4 to 3 1/2¢ per pound.  
Cattle—Good to choice steers 30 to 35¢ per pound off car; common, 2 1/2 to 3c; stockers, yearlings, 15 to 20¢.  
Sheep—Choice grades, 4c per pound; lambs, 4 to 5c per pound.  
Hogs—Choice weights, 5c; seconds, 4 1/2¢ per pound.  
Milk cows—Very scarce. Good milkers, from \$25 to \$50.  
Horses—Good heavy animals weighing not less than 1,400 pounds, \$125 to \$175 each. Lighter horses, for road purposes, \$110 to \$140 each.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 22.—The British steamer Horton, Swansea for Tilt Cove for ore, is anchored off Fox Island in Green Bay, with a broken shaft. The steamer Algerine, Capt. Ingraham, left here today to tow her in for dockage and repairs. Seventeen schooners were driven ashore at different points on the coast during the recent gales, all being completely wrecked.

Montreal, Nov. 22.—Four safe crackers captured by the police a few days ago admitted their guilt today. Their names are Brennan, Rogers, Boyle and Edwards and from information in the hands of the police they are professionals of long standing.

Fifty masked men captured a party of sheep herders in Bonville county, Col., and proceeded to kill the 3,000 sheep in their flock.

St. Paul, Nov. 22.—Mr. W. F. Loxton, formerly of Winnipeg, for some time business manager of the St. Paul Globe, has been appointed in-chief of the paper, succeeding George F. Clifford, who has resigned.

Montreal, Nov. 21.—The case against W. W. F. Smith and Fleminx of the defunct Ville Marie bank charged with presenting a false statement concerning the affairs of the bank to the minister of finance, commenced in the court of the queen's bench this morning before Judge Wright.

Montreal, Nov. 21.—The funeral of the late Sir Wm. Dawson takes place today. The body will lie in state in the old library of the university from noon until 4 p.m. for the funeral. The professor will attend in academic dress.

Montreal, Nov. 1.—There is a serious outbreak of small-pox in Kamouraska county, Inspector Baudry reporting 87 cases. The disease is of a mild type, but infection from it is as dangerous as from the more virulent form.

### THE LAST STRAW.

Even the Politician Was Forced to Quit at Last.

One of the most prominent politicians in this city returned home on Monday night. He had been far away, too far, in fact, to know everything that had transpired during his absence. Consequently it was not to be wondered at that he did not know the lamp ordinance had gone into effect.

On Tuesday night he ordered out the buggy and went for a drive through the parks and out Fifth avenue. At least that was his programme, but he didn't get that far.

Ten squares from home he ran into the arms of the law.

"You're under arrest for driving without a lamp," said the policeman, failing to recognize his prisoner in the dark.

"Oh, blame it all, man, don't you know who I am? I only got home last night. It's all right, though. I'll buy a lamp in the morning."

Then he drove on, while the policeman sauntered off in the opposite direction, wondering whether he would lose his job.

The politician had another experience of the same kind a few squares away from the scene of the first hold up. He made the same explanation and was allowed to go, of course. But when he was held up for the third time he was beginning to get tired of the superactivity of the police.

"I'll go right home," he said to himself. "There's nothing little enjoyment in a ride of this sort when a fellow has to stop and explain who he is every few yards."

So he turned his horse's head for home. "Stop!" commanded the officer at the next corner. "You are under arrest."

The politician collapsed. It was the last straw that broke the camel's back. "Here," he said, "Take me to the police station. I've had enough of this. Jump in, and I'll drive you down there."

They went to the station house, where the distinguished prisoner put up a forfeit of \$10 for a hearing. He forfeited the money by failing to appear and bought a lamp before the sun went down next day.—Pittsburg Press.

Probable Cause of Failure.

Mrs. Newlywed—I was going to have some sponge cake as a surprise for you, dear, but I confess it was a failure.

Mr. Newlywed—What was the matter?

Mrs. Newlywed—I don't know for sure, but I think the druggist sent me the wrong kind of sponges.—Philadelphia Record.

### Too Late.

Dasherly—There's luck in odd numbers.

Flasherly—Yes, and a man doesn't realize it until he's no longer single.—New York Journal.

### DO NOT PAY CASH!

Pay in SCRIP for Dominion Lands and Save 20 per Cent. Discount.

For full information apply to

Alloway & Champion, BANKERS AND BROKERS

Winnipeg.

Or to any office of the MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA, or the UNION BANK OF CANADA in Manitoba or the West.

### MONTREAL STOCKS.

Reported by Alloway & Champion, Stock Brokers, Winnipeg.

Stocks	Prices	Buyers
Montreal	70	25
Ontario	100	10
Quebec	97	10
Manitoba	105	10
Union	120	10
Miscellaneous		
Commerce	100	10
War Eagle	100	10
Payco	100	10
Commercial	100	10
Montreal	100	10
Rich & Co.	100	10
City Bank	100	10
Halifax	100	10
Montreal	100	10
Toronto	100	10
C. & W. Ltd.	100	10
Can. Pac. Ry.	100	10
Can. Pac. Ry.	100	10
Money	100	10
Money on call	100	10

### FOREIGN MONEY.

Quoted by Alloway & Champion, 365 Main street, Winnipeg.

Bank of Montreal	100
Bank of Commerce	100
Bank of New York	100
Bank of London	100
Bank of Paris	100
Bank of India	100
Bank of China	100
Bank of Japan	100
Bank of Australia	100
Bank of New Zealand	100
Bank of South Africa	100

## CONDENSED NEWS.

Saturday, November 25.

Exhibits have been shipped from Brandon to the Paris exposition.

Emperor William was given a rousing welcome to Woodstock, Eng. Five men and two women lost their lives near Uglivie, on the Yukon river. Eastern Canadians propose forming a salmon company on the Pacific coast.

Jack Davidson, who was hanging in Austin, Texas, confessed his crime on the scaffold.

The Salvation Army in Winnipeg will feed 1,000 people for dinner on Christmas day.

The town of Calulla, Texas, was washed by a cloud-burst. Many buildings were destroyed.

Two men were hanged in South Carolina for assaulting women. It was the first legal execution.

The U. S. gunboat Charleston has disappeared into deep water from the tank on which it was resting.

Wesley S. Chittick, of Wingham, Ont., was hospitalized in a Winnipeg hotel. H. Falconer, a companion, recovered.

Friday, November 24.

Ocean freight rates for 1900 have been advanced.

Many U. S. soldiers have joined Aguinaldo's forces.

Thos. J. Ismay, who founded the White Star Line, is dead.

British troops had an engagement with Derwines, 400 of the enemy were killed. "Kid" McCoy, the pugilist, is seriously ill at his home in White Plains, N.Y.

Aguinaldo will submit if an independent republic is assured to the Philippines.

Rev. J. M. Bacon and party in England had a thrilling adventure up in a balloon.

Monty A. Cole, of Canada, a dental student, is on trial for murder at Wilmington, Del.

Seven men, the shipwrecked crew of the Gladda Belle, a British vessel, have arrived at Boston.

Quarantine has been declared against Montana by the Territorial government owing to the prevalence of small-pox in that state.

Thursday, November 23.

Lord Salisbury is ill with influenza. Dr. J. T. Wilson, of Shoal Lake, is dead.

Alex. Morwick died suddenly at Beausjour, Man.

Hugh McLennan, a prominent Montrealer, is dead.

Austrian rumors indicate the Russians have occupied Herat.

Emperor William inspected the Life Guards at Windsor castle.

Rev. Dr. Shaw, of the Methodist college, Montreal, has resigned.

The last of the season's ocean steamers has arrived in the St. Lawrence.

The logging combination on Puget Sound has raised the price of logs.

Fox Bay settlers, on Anicosti, have been offered a tract of land on Lake Winnipeg.

A forty-eight hour bicycle race for the American championship, has started in Kansas City.

Wednesday, November 22.

Two freight trains collided at East Selkirk, Man.

Vice-President Hobart, of the United States, is dead.

Jno. C. Sueda, an Ottawa journalist, died in Arizona.

Jeffries and Corbett have been matched to fight in September, 1900.

Queen Victoria starts next March for the shores of the Mediterranean.

The Donaldson line steamer, Manchester Enterprise, has foundered at sea.

Sir William Dawson's funeral was largely attended and very impressive.

Seventeen vessels were wrecked during recent storms around Newfoundland coast.

Citizens of Rio Grande City, Texas, attacked a fort garrisoned by colored troops.

Vancouver police believe they have captured Tascott, the celebrated Chicago murderer.

The police commissioners of Winnipeg have recommended an increase of the salaries of the police.

Tuesday, November 21.

Ten vessels were wrecked in the Straits of Magellan.

Lady Salisbury, the wife of the British premier, is dead.

Children of fourteen years are reported fighting in the Boer ranks.

## THE ADVANCE BEGUN.

A NORTHWARD MARCH THROUGH CAPE COLONY.

Nauwpoort Recaptured—Communication With Estcourt Interrupted by Boers at Willow Grange.

Cape Town, Nov. 22.—The British troops recaptured Nauwpoort Sunday. It is announced from Nauwpoort that the Boers are repairing the bridge previously destroyed by them. This, says the Cape Times, is because the Boer invasion of Cape Colony was again expected. The same authority asserts that no defence of Bloemfontein is intended.

Nauwpoort is a small station in Cape Colony situated 20 miles south of Colesburg on the line running up from Port Elizabeth and Bathurst.

Mr. Collet the correspondent of the London Daily Mail at Stormberg, while bearing a message from Mr. Schreiner, the Cape premier, to the president of the Orange Free State with Sir Alfred Milner's sanction, was arrested by the Boers, in the mountains, and taken to Bloemfontein. It is understood that Mr. Schreiner's letter was a protest against the imprisonment of British subjects in Cape Colony.

The Midland News says Messrs. Van der Walt and Goben, members of the Cape assembly, have joined the Boer forces at Colesburg.

Durban, Nov. 22.—Communication with Estcourt is interrupted.

London, Nov. 22.—The announcement from Durban that communication with Estcourt is interrupted seems to confirm the belief that a Boer commando has established itself at Willow Grange, or near the Mooi River, and have cut the wires. Nevertheless, whatever definite knowledge the British commanders may have obtained from the scouts of the disposition of the Boer commando in Natal, and the conditions of the beleaguered garrisons particularly, nothing has been allowed to develop for the public information.

It is certain that, owing to the heavy work of debarkation and entraining at Durban, the preparations for the advance of the relief force are in no wise so advanced a stage as has been supposed. This may also be due to the necessity of pushing stores and provisions to the front in needful quantities before the troops are set on. On the other hand, the dispatch with which the troops are being rushed forward from Cape Town equally tends to show that all such preparations regarding forage and provisions were already well advanced before the troops arrived at Cape Town. Gen Methuen's baggage has arrived at De Aar, addressed to "Lord Methuen, Pretoria, via Cape Town."

The recapture of Nauwpoort is good news for the British. It is not known here from what point the troops came, but it is presumed they were from De Aar, in which event it will not be long before Stormberg also will be recaptured. Nauwpoort commands the gap in the Kikvorsberg, the last strong fighting position south of Orange River, and was admirably suited to Boer tactics.

Late last evening the war office made public two dispatches from General Buller at Cape Town. The first had been received from Gen. Clerk, dated Monday, Nov. 20, and announced that three privates were wounded the previous day at Mooi River. The second was from Col. Baden-Powell, dated at Mafeking, Nov. 6, saying: "All well here. We have had a few successful sorties. Our loss is two officers and seventeen men killed, and four officers and twenty-nine men wounded. The enemy's loss is heavy. His numbers are decreasing, but his guns remain and shell us, keeping out of the range of our small guns. Have had no news from the outside since Oct. 20."

Col. Royston's dispatch from Ladysmith finally disposes of all reports of another great British victory there last Wednesday.

The Duke of Portland has contributed £10,000 for Red Cross society work in South Africa.

The Times announces that it is authorized to deny the statement recently made by French newspapers, that Prince Louis Napoleon, who is a colonel in the Russian army, desired to join the Boers and asked Emperor Nicholas for permission. As a matter of fact, he never had any such idea.

Durban, Nov. 22.—The government has received the following advice from Col. Royston, commandant of the volunteers at Ladysmith, under date of November 18: "All the volunteers and police are well and there are plentiful supplies for men and horses. All was quiet yesterday and the same condition exists this morning. There has been no further bombardment and the effects hitherto have been trifling. We are anxious for news from the south."

Pretoria, Nov. 22.—Monday's report from General Joubert's headquarters which was presented to the Transvaal council of war today says: Heavy gun firing was heard in the direction of Estcourt on Saturday, and continuous rifle firing is proceeding south of Ladysmith.

Lethbridge, Nov. 22.—Word of the intended removal of Capt. Deane, commanding the Mounted Police here, has caused much regret, this efficient officer being a general favorite with all classes. A memorial from the town council has been forwarded to the department requesting the countermanding of the action.

"Of course, Maggie, if you intend to get married, that is your business," said the mistress to her cook, "but you mustn't forget that marriage is a very serious matter."

"Yes, ma'am; I know it is sometimes," replied the domestic, "but may be I'll have better luck than you did."

We Look In a Mirror.

"Do you believe there's luck in a horse shoe, Dennis?"

"Not a bit. Norah hung was over the child's cradle, and it fell on her head, she was."—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

## RAILWAY AT PARKISIMO.

Name of Mariota Has Been Conferred on the New Townsite.

Parkisimo, Man., Nov. 22.—The grading on the new railroad was finished on Saturday night and the track will in all probability be laid to the terminus this week. The farmers are greatly elated over the prospects of having a market so near at hand for during the last eighteen or twenty years they have had to haul their grain to Birtle, Hamiota or Elkhorn, which was not only a great expense, but a terrible hardship for horses. The new townsite has been named Mariota the same as the municipality, and our local representatives had the pleasure of conferring the name.

Steamer Olinda on Fire.

Cape Henry, Va., Nov. 21.—The German steamer Olinda, passed in for Norfolk at 7.50 a.m., dying the signal, "I am on fire."

New York, Nov. 22.—A Cape Henry special says: "The Olinda carried, besides her crew, eighteen passengers. The fire was discovered last night at 7 o'clock in the hold aft, when off Hatteras. Capt. Hansen burned distress signals, and Ward line steamer City of Washington, from New York for Havana, bore down upon her. The Washington took all of the passengers off in safety, not, however, without much difficulty, as the sea was quite high. The passengers will be landed at Havana. Capt. Hansen says the fire is under control, but the hatches have not yet been removed, neither has any water been turned on. Lighters were sent to the vessel, to remove the cargo when she reaches the harbor."

Tascott Captured at Vancouver.

Vancouver, Nov. 22.—Tascott, the murderer of Snell, the Chicago millionaire, is believed by Chief of Police Stewart to be a man under arrest here now for vagrancy. Chief Stewart once before had Tascott in his hands and now he believes he has him for good. The murderer of the Chicago millionaire of ten years ago has had a chequered career since his escape from the western police. He came west, and went first to Chicago, but for a couple of years he has been in Klondike. He admitted to a hospital nurse that he was Snell's murderer, but escaped before he could be apprehended. Then he came to Vancouver. He got into trouble here with a gang of crooks, and was arrested the day after an hotel holdup. He denied that he is the man wanted in Chicago, but says he once lived there.

Manchester Enterprise Is Lost.

Cape Henry, Va., Nov. 22.—The Donaldson line steamer Lakonia, from Glasgow for Baltimore, passed in today at 9 o'clock and signalled that the steamship Manchester Enterprise, which left Liverpool Nov. 4 for Montreal, had foundered at sea, and that all hands had been saved.

No further details were given. The Lakonia will reach Baltimore tonight.

Citizens Attack Colored Troops.

Austin, Texas, Nov. 22.—Reports have reached here that there was a pitched battle last night at Fort Ringgold, Rio Grande City, Texas, between a company of the 9th United States cavalry, colored, garrisoning the fort, and several hundred citizens, who attacked the post shortly after dark. Three thousand shots are said to have been fired during the fight.

Queen Will Visit Bordighera.

New York, Nov. 22.—Final arrangements have now been made for the annual visit of Queen Victoria to the shores of the Mediterranean, and, unless on extraordinary circumstances intervene Her Majesty will proceed about the middle of March to Bordighera.

U. S. Vice-President Dead.

Paterson, N.J., Nov. 22.—Vice President Garrett A. Hobart died at 8.30 yesterday morning.

Charles E. Harrum, United States Consul at Pretoria.

Minneapolis Lady Shot Down.

Minneapolis, Nov. 22.—Mrs. Jennie L. Pitkin answered a summons at the front door of her residence tonight, only to be shot down by an unknown man standing in the darkness outside. She cannot recover. The police are investigating.

Quinn, the Rat Portage tailor, suspected of being murdered, has been seen since in Winnipeg.







# Winter Bulbs!

Bermuda Easter Lillies 25c.  
Chinese Sacred Lillies 2 for 25c.  
Hyacinths 10c., 3 for 25c.  
Narcissus, white, 5c.  
Narcissus, yellow, 5c.  
Freesias 5c.  
Fulips, single or double, 25c. a doz.  
Crocus 15c a dozen.

Other beautiful lines expected to arrive.

A nice line of chamois, chamois vests and chest protectors.

## TURNBULL & McCULLOCH.

### The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1899.

#### TO ADVERTISERS.

Copy for change of advt. must be filed in this office before 12 o'clock Wednesday. Don't forget it! New advertisements may be sent in up to 10 o'clock Friday morning.

#### A GENTLE REMINDER.

About this time of year a large number of subscriptions fall due. Instead of going to the trouble and expense of mailing each subscriber in arrears a statement, we feel that this gentle reminder will be all that is necessary. A glance at the address label on your paper will tell you how you stand. For instance, if your address does not read, "Jan. 00," you are in arrears and we would be pleased to have you call.

THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Mr. J. H. Ross, Commissioner of Public Works, spent last Saturday in town.

Homestead entries made and maps to be seen at the office of J. H. Grayson, Main Street.

Mr. Malcolm and family arrived from Owen Sound last week to become residents of Moose Jaw.

Mrs. Dickie, of Souris, arrived on Wednesday and is the guest of her daughter Mrs. Hugh Ferguson.

Mrs. Wilson of Dundurn arrived last Friday evening on the Prince Albert train and is the guest of her sister.

The farmers of the Regina district are complaining against the provision preventing them taking screenings from the elevators.

Corp. Oliver and Const. Vallentine, of North Portal, passed through Wednesday en route to Regina in charge of a prisoner charged with horse stealing.

Mrs. Geo. Wallace returned home to Regina last Saturday after spending a fortnight in Moose Jaw as the guest of Mrs. J. G. Beasley, of Marlborough, and Mrs. Thos. Withrow, of River St.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Tuxford, of Buffalo Lake, left last Sunday evening on an extended trip, during which they will visit friends at Georgetown, Ont., afterwards making a tour of the principal eastern cities. On Dec. 18th they sail from New York to the Old Country to spend the winter with Mr. Tuxford's parents at Llandudno in North Wales, returning home next spring.

Among the prosperous farmers of this district who purpose visiting the Old Country this winter is Mr. Alex. Wilson and his wife, who will leave for the east next Monday evening. After spending a couple of weeks with Mr. Wilson's friends in the County of Wellington, they will sail from New York on the 13th to spend the winter at Mrs. Wilson's home in Nottingham, Eng. They will return next March.

Last Sunday it was announced in the Moose Jaw Presbyterian church that Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hamilton would be at home on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock to receive the young people of the congregation and to enable them and their new pastor to become better acquainted. A large number of the young people responded to the kind invitation. With Mrs. Hamilton as hostess it is needless to say that a pleasant time ensued. A vote of thanks was unanimously passed to Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton by the singing of "For they are jolly good fellows," and about 23 o'clock the happy company broke up by the singing of "God Save the Queen," after enjoying themselves as only young people can.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Scott left last week to take up their residence in Brandon. Mr. Scott held the position of section foreman at Rush Lake for a number of years but last spring, it will be remembered, he was compelled to resign on account of ill-health, which afterwards developed into consumption. During the summer he took a trip to Spokane, but returned home without receiving any benefit from the change. Having very little hope of recovery he has gone home to his friends. Mr. Scott has been long and favorably known in this division, and has the sympathy of his many acquaintances in his misfortune. Mrs. Scott has requested us to convey to the people of Moose Jaw, and all who have helped them, her heartfelt thanks for the many kindnesses shown them during her husband's illness.

Mrs. Smith, wife of C.P.R. brakeman Smith, arrived from England on Wednesday evening.

Last week Miss Belle Murray was called to her home near Brandon on account of the illness of her sister.

J. E. Gernain, of Winnipeg, has succeeded the late Mr. Tomney as C.P.R. storekeeper for the present.

The Great McEwen and company showed to a full house last night. Those who were there say no one should miss seeing him.

The wife and family of Engineer Nicolle arrived from the east this week and have taken up their residence on High St. east.

A lady's hat, found near McDonald & Riddell's livery stable, was left at this office last Friday afternoon and still awaits an owner.

Mrs. Herchner, the wife of Commissioner Herchner, N.W.M.P., who has been ill for a considerable time, died at Regina Saturday morning.

At a meeting of the Moose Jaw Hockey and Skating Association, held on Wednesday evening, it was decided to offer the rink for sale or to rent. See advt.

Rev. Mr. McKay, the well known evangelist, returned from the west Tuesday evening and is the guest of Mrs. Fraser Muirhead. Next Sunday evening he will preach in the Moose Jaw Presbyterian church.

Homestead entries made. Diagrams and particulars of all Government lands for entry and leasing, also farms for sale, and all farm lands. Apply personally or by letter to SEYMOUR GAZER. -Ad.

In order to clear out our entire stock of fall hats we are offering them at greatly reduced prices for the next two weeks, commencing on Saturday, Dec. 2nd. Call and see our display. Miss CLARK.

Conductor Jas. McCauley narrowly escaped serious injury while switching at the Roche Perce coal mines on Wednesday. In getting off a car he stepped on the break beam. His foot slipped and the wheel crushed his big toe. The accident might have been more serious.

There will be a mothers' meeting at the school on Monday, the 17th of December. At a meeting held last June the discussion between mothers and teachers was so helpful that it was decided to hold similar meetings in the future. Topics of interest will be discussed. An invitation is extended to all who are concerned in the training of children to be present.

Rev. A. J. McLeod, Principal of Regina Industrial School, will have charge of the morning service in the Moose Jaw Presbyterian church on Sunday, and purposes to lay before the congregation the Twentieth Century scheme, whereby the Presbyterians of Canada will raise a million dollars as a special thanksgiving offering. On Saturday evening at 8 o'clock Mr. McLeod will give a magic lantern entertainment in the church, to which all are cordially invited. He will be assisted by the choir, who will render a varied and interesting programme of musical selections. No admission fee will be charged, but a liberal collection is asked in aid of the Sunday School funds.

A grain of sand in the eye can cause excruciating agony. A grain of pepper in place of the grain of sand intensifies the torment. The pain is not confined to the organs affected. The whole body feels the shock of that little irritating particle. It is so when there is any derangement or disorder of the delicate womanly organs. The disorder may seem trivial but the whole body feels it. The nervous system is disordered. There are fretfulness, irritability, sullenness and depression of spirits. The general health of woman depends on the local health of the organs distinctly feminine. Remove the drains, ulcerations, bearing down pains, and other afflictions of woman, and the whole body feels the benefit. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a specific for the diseases that undermine the strength of women. It is free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics, poisons which enter into many other preparations for woman's use. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

#### Free Lessons in Fancy Work at S. Carey's.

Yourself and friends are invited by the Home Art Society of Decorative Needle Work, of New York, to view an exhibition of silk art needle work and arrange for a series of lessons from 4th to 8th December, hours 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Information concerning class to be had at S. Carey & Co.'s. Exhibit and lessons free of charge. Mrs. Konly, artist and teacher. Beldings art silks and linens used exclusively in these tests.

#### Summerside.

Summerside, Nov. 29th, '99.—The people of Summerside are pleased to learn that we are to have with us next Sabbath, Dec. 30th, the Rev. A. J. McLeod, the principal of the Regina Industrial School, who will take charge of the service at 2:30 p.m. Mr. McLeod is one of the most able preachers in the west and no one should miss this opportunity of hearing him. On the following Monday evening a magic lantern exhibition will be given in the Summerside church at 8 o'clock. Mr. McLeod has a large collection of instructive views, which will be presented in an interesting way. It is also expected that we will have with us on Monday evening the Rev. Samuel McLean, of Moose Jaw, who will assist. There will be no admission fee, but a collection will be taken during the evening.

#### A DELIGHTED PLUMBER.

For Twelve Years Catarrh was the Bane of His Life—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Cured Him.

Mr. James Ormsby, a plumber, lives at 199 Jarvis Street, Toronto. He says: "For nearly twelve years I have been troubled with catarrh; my nostrils were continually stopping up, and I suffered very much from headache. The doctors proclaimed it chronic catarrh. They could not give me any permanent relief. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder both relieved and cured me. I can recommend it with confidence."

## BRITISH VICTORIES.

### General Methuen Routed the Whole Boer Force at Modder River

This week the war tide in South Africa has turned. Instead of the Boers working their way to Pietermaritzburg and perhaps Durban, the British reinforcements under General Cleary are driving the enemy back on Ladysmith.

On Wednesday, 22nd, General Hildyard with 5,000 troops sortied from Estcourt and engaged the Boers at Willow Grange, inflicting some damage and dislodging the enemy. Hildyard then retired to Estcourt. The Mooi River column joined Hildyard at Estcourt on Saturday and the British are now advancing on Colenso.

While the main Boer force under Joubert has been checked in Natal, on the west frontier Methuen's division has had severe but successful conflicts with the enemy. On the 21st his column found the Boers in a strong position at Belmont. The battle raged for several hours and finally the Boers were completely routed by a brilliant bayonet charge. The British loss was 58 killed, 159 wounded and 18 missing. The Boer loss exceeded 500, and 50 were taken prisoners. A large quantity of the enemy's ammunition was destroyed and a number of horses and cattle captured.

What is said to be the hardest battle in the annals of the British army occurred at Modder River on Wednesday, when General Methuen again encountered the enemy strongly entrenched and concealed. There was no means of outflanking them, the river being unfordable. The British attacked the position in a widely extended formation at 6:30 a.m. and found themselves in front of the whole Boer force, 8,000 strong. After a desperate fight of ten hours in the burning sun without water or food, the British made the enemy quit the position. General Methuen was wounded in the thigh.

The Allan Line steamer Sardinian from Montreal arrived at Cape Town on Wednesday with the Canadian contingent, one thousand strong.

General Buller, the commander in chief, arrived at Pietermaritzburg on Sunday last and proceeded north. Information is as meagre as can be. But the General's plan is now apparent. His command is proceeding in three divisions—General Methuen from Cape Town to Kimberley; General Gateacre from East London towards De Aar, and General Cleary from Durban towards Ladysmith. The relative strength of the separate divisions is not known.

#### Greatly Admired.

In a country postoffice the other day, a farmer received with his mail a large cardboard tube, about two feet long. On examination he found it contained the two beautiful premium pictures, "Battle of Alma," and "Pussy Willows." They were greatly admired by all present and the farmer made the remark: "I have been a reader of 'The Family Herald and Weekly Star' for ten years; it is the best paper printed and well worth five dollars a year, but I get the paper and these two pictures all for one dollar." He induced four others right there to subscribe, and they too will get the pictures.

It is expected that the Moore & McDowell mills will be re-opened by a company of Michigan lumbermen.

#### HELP WANTED.

\$2.00 PER DAY sure. Reliable person, gentleman or lady, to represent reliable firm. Position permanent. \$800.00 per year and expenses. Experience unnecessary. M. A. O'KEEFE, Dist. Manager, Winnipeg, Man.

## Sealed Tenders.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to Dec. 6th at 6 p.m. for the sale or rental of the Moose Jaw Hockey and Skating Rink in its present condition.

R. L. SLATER,  
SECRETARY.

## Photographs for Christmas Gifts!

Have your sitting early and thus avoid disappointment.

Views of every description. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Porter's Studio.

#### MOOSE JAW MARKETS.

Wheat, No. 1.....	\$ 48.
" No. 2.....	45.
Oats (new).....	40.
Hay.....	6 00
Potatoes.....	50
Apples (green) per lb.....	05
Apples, per barrel.....	4 50
Onions, per lb.....	05
Cheese.....	18
Bacon.....	12 1/2 to 17
Lard.....	12 1/2 to 15
Butter (creamery).....	27 1/2
Eggs, per doz.....	25
Corn, per bushel.....	60

# ONLY : TWO : MORE : WEEKS :

To clear out the balance of the bankrupt stock of J. A. Healey & Co. Our lease expires in two weeks and we are notified to vacate the premises. In order to make this a quick sale of every article we realize great sacrifice must be made.

## Commencing on Monday Morning, Dec. 2nd,

The entire stock, including a large shipment of new fresh groceries which has just been placed in stock, will be marked down at prices we know are bound to commend a ready sale. We will place on the centre tables 137 men's suits, well tailored and made from good assorted tweeds, serges and worsteds, single and double breasted, sizes 36 to 42, to clear every suit they are reduced to one half price. 36 boys' suits and 23 children's will be similarly dealt with to clear. There is yet left a good staple line of dry goods which will move rapidly at the reduced price. 78 men's shirts, good assorted patterns, sizes 15 to 17, for Saturday one half price. 60 suits of men's fine all wool underwear, while they last \$1.00 per suit. The balance of crockery, hardware and tinware, regardless of the big advance by manufacturers in these lines, we will slaughter these goods at prices to clear. Early buying means first choice and money saved as every article must be cleared out.

M. J. MacLEOD.

## HURRAH! Sir Chas. Tupper

will address a public meeting in the TOWN HALL, Moose Jaw, on afternoon of

SATURDAY, DEC. 9TH

at half past two o'clock, on the public questions of day.

HON. CLARKE WALLACE

will also address a public meeting in the Moose Jaw Town Hall, at 2:30 p.m. on

MONDAY, DEC. 11.

The public are cordially invited to both these meetings. Seats reserved for the ladies.

## Important Announcement!

Having purchased the butcher business of Mr. Jno. H. Smith, the undersigned wish to announce to the people of Moose Jaw and district that after Monday, Nov. 13th, they will be prepared to attend to your wants in this line. Having had a long experience in the butcher business we can guarantee perfect satisfaction. We have also purchased the premises occupied by Mr. J. Braas and will shortly open out a full line of choice groceries, flour and feed, etc. We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

## McKenzie Bros.

## Couches.

In Couches we are showing a nice line ranging in price from \$7.50 up to \$30.00. Cobble seat rocking chairs ranging in price from \$2.75 up to \$7.00. Remember we are in our new store—one door west of old one.

Undertaking supplies always on hand. Hearses and embalming in connection.

JNO. BELLAMY.

67 RAIL, STONE LAKE, WAGBORN'S BUILDING

## READY-MADE CLOTHING.

AT MITCHELL & HEMBROFF'S.

#### We Sell

W. E. Sanford's make of Clothing, which cannot be equalled in Canada.

#### We Guarantee

Perfect fitting garments.

#### We Press

Them up and give them the ordered appearance.

#### We Have

The heavy weight railroad serge, also the corduroy.

#### We Would

Like you to see our goods and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere

#### We Carry

A complete range of men's and boys' furnishings, fur coats, collars, caps and gauntlets.

#### We Always

Have time to make you a suit to order, even if "the rush is on" in our tailoring department.

MITCHELL & HEMBROFF.

## WATCHES!

We have just received a new and well assorted stock of WATCHES. These we bought at close cash prices which enables us to sell cheaper than ever and at prices that defy competition.

R. E. PLAXTON.

Come and see what we have to offer you. Our prices will do the rest.

## Christmas Presents!

It is not too early to begin selecting your Christmas gifts.

From now until after the holiday season we will lay aside any article you choose, if you pay a deposit on it. Select what you want now while our stock is complete.

We handle everything that can be found in a first class jewelry store.

We have just received a large and up-to-date stock of Xmas gifts.

Come in and examine our goods. Our prices are our salaried.

Remember we can sell you an organ, piano or sewing machine on very easy terms or for spot cash.

We are expert watch specialists, a personal guarantee goes with all our work and watches.

J. U. MUNNS.

## NOW!

Is the time to have baby's photo taken or a nice group photo. Miss Pown, of Brandon has just arrived in town to take charge of the Last Studio. Having made a study of posing and lighting is covered of the best American studio, besides large experience in changing of leading models in Brandon, Miss Pown comes with the brightest and best ideas in artistic portrait work. Have a sitting and be made happy. We always please.

Don't mistake the place—Central Hall next door.

LUSK STUDIO.

#### STRAYED.

Strayed from Moose Jaw on or about Nov. 21st, three calves: one 1 year old, white, and two red, 3 and 4 years old. Information leading to their recovery will be suitably rewarded. L. A. MONTGOMERY, Moose Jaw.

#### FOR SALE.

Second hand Christmas of Oshawa. Just burned heating stove, good as new. May be seen at Brown's Store. A. HICK. 21st.